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### NATIONAL COMMUNICATIONS FROM PARTIES INCLUDED IN ANNEX I TO THE CONVENTION

### ANNUAL INVENTORIES OF NATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS DATA FOR 1996

<u>Report on national greenhouse gas emissions inventory submissions from Annex I Parties</u> <u>for 1990 to 1996</u>

Note by the secretariat

#### Addendum

### TABLES OF INVENTORIES OF ANTHROPOGENIC EMISSIONS AND REMOVALS OF GREENHOUSE GASES FOR 1990 TO 1996 AND PROJECTIONS

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#### General notes

This addendum provides numerical data on inventories and projections of greenhouse gases (GHGs) for 26 Annex I Parties which submitted an annual GHG emission inventory by 15 March 1999.<sup>1</sup> The inventory tables contain information as reported by the 26 Parties in their inventory submissions, while projection data for all 26 Parties are as reported in second national communications. It should be noted that this document only considers projections from those Parties which had submitted an annual inventory by the date mentioned above.<sup>2</sup>

The inventory tables provide information in a consistent and comparable manner for the years 1990-1996 for individual Annex I Parties, although varying in the degree of coverage in various tables. This is due to differences in the coverage of years in the annual inventory submissions of Parties, as well as to lack of information in some instances. For Parties which did not provide data for 1990 and subsequent years no trends in emissions are presented, as the secretariat did not use data from previous submissions (e.g. national communications) for reasons of consistency and comparability.

The tables provide information on a gas-by-gas basis for inventory data on carbon dioxide ( $CO_2$ ), methane ( $CH_4$ ), nitrous oxide ( $N_2O$ ), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), sulphur hexafluoride ( $SF_6$ ), ozone precursors and sulphur dioxide ( $SO_2$ ), and include information on international bunkers. Information on land-use change and forestry is included in aggregate estimates, and separately from other  $CO_2$  estimates, recognizing the ongoing methodological work by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) in this sector. To present information on HFCs, PFCs,  $SF_6$  and aggregate greenhouse gases in a comparable manner the secretariat has used IPCC 1995 global warming potentials (GWPs) to present information in terms of  $CO_2$  equivalents. The footnotes and notes to the tables should be treated as an integral part of the tables. Charts have been included for illustrative purposes.

Inventory data on the individual greenhouse gases are presented in tables A.3 to A.12. Tables A.1 and A.2 contain information on aggregate emissions of all greenhouse gases combined (expressed as  $CO_2$  equivalent) for the major source categories. The trends in total greenhouse gases and in emissions of the various gases, and for the most important sectors for the years 1990 to 1996, are included in tables B.1 to B.18.

Numerical data on projected emissions of  $CO_2$ ,  $CH_4$ ,  $N_2O$ , HFCs, PFCs and  $SF_6$ , as well as total greenhouse gas emissions, are given in tables C.1 to C.8. The tables present the projected emissions and removals of GHGs for each Party, as well as information on the 1990 levels used as a basis for projections, the 1990 (or other base year) inventory figures, and the latest reported

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Romania submitted its second national communication in February 1999 and requested it to be considered as its inventory submission for the purpose of this report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For complete information on projection data for Annex I Parties as reported in second national communications, please refer to document FCCC/CP/1998/11, Add.1 and 2.

inventory figures, generally 1996. The decrease or increase in projected emissions compared to the base year figures is presented as a percentage. The projections provided by Parties are not comparable. In some cases there are differences in the 1990 (or base year) emission figures for inventories and those used for projections. These differences are due to rounding, calibration of models, updating of inventories subsequent to the projections analysis, and the fact that some projections are only a subset of the information contained in the inventories of Parties. In six cases (BEL, CHE, DNK, FRA, NLD, SWE), such differences also reflect the use of adjustments.

It should be noted that figures may differ from those submitted to the secretariat as a result of rounding during data input and processing, corrections of typographical and calculation errors or omissions, and the presentation (for consistency and comparability) of subtotals and totals not provided in the annual inventory submissions, communications or other submissions. Some differences are also due to the fact that, in striving to ensure the consistency and comparability of results, the secretariat has had to convert some of the estimates reported so that they concur with the format of the current IPCC Guidelines for the reporting of greenhouse gas emissions.

#### Explanatory notes

Blanks in the tables signify an absence of quantitative information. The secretariat has chosen to leave the spaces blank in order not to complicate the reading of the tables. The figure "zero" appears in the table only when reported as such by Parties.

The IPCC 1996 Revised Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories are referred to in this document as the IPCC Guidelines, and the revised guidelines for the preparation of national communications by Annex I Parties (FCCC/CP/1996/15/Add.1, decision 9/CP.2, annex) as the UNFCCC guidelines. Categories of sources of GHG emissions or their sinks corresponding to the IPCC Guidelines nomenclature are given in *italics*.

The following chemical symbols and abbreviations have been used:

$CF_4$	tetrafluoromethane
$C_2F_6$	hexafluoroethane
$CH_4$	methane
CO	carbon monoxide
$CO_2$	carbon dioxide
HFCs	hydrofluorocarbons
$N_2O$	nitrous oxide
NO <sub>x</sub>	nitrogen oxides
NMVOCs	non-methane volatile organic compounds
PFCs	perfluorocarbons
$SF_6$	sulphur hexafluoride

The following units of weight have been used:

Gg gigagram (10<sup>9</sup> grams)

The following other abbreviations have been used:

EIT	country that is undergoing the process of transition to a market economy
GHG	greenhouse gas
GWP	global warming potential
LUCF	land-use change and forestry

The following country abbreviations have been used:

Australia	AUS	Latvia	LVA
Austria	AUT	Monaco	MCO
Belgium	BEL	Netherlands	NLD
Canada	CAN	New Zealand	NZL
Czech Republic	CZE	Norway	NOR
Denmark	DNK	Poland	POL
Finland	FIN	Romania	ROM
France	FRA	Slovakia	SVK
Germany	DEU	Spain	ESP
Greece	GRC	Sweden	SWE
Hungary	HUN	Switzerland	CHE
Ireland	IRL	United Kingdom	GBR
Japan	JPN	of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	
		United States of America	USA

## Table A.1.Aggregate emissions and removals of all greenhouse gases<sup>a</sup> (CO2 equivalent) by source/sink<br/>category, including and excluding land-use change and forestry, 1990 (Gigagrams and<br/>percentage of total by Party)

	Fuel combustion		Fugitive fuel			Industrial processes		Agriculture		Other <sup>b</sup>	
	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)
Australia	267 298	64.3	29 364	7.1	12 085	2.9	86 732	20.9	20 166	4.9	415 656
Austria	47 713	61.7	2 190	2.8	12 888	16.7	5 393	7.0	8 988	11.6	77 271
Belgium	108 641	78.0	1 289	0.9	13 156	9.4	11 524	8.3	4 668	3.4	139 276
Canada	428 930	71.7	34 980	5.8	52 370	8.8	60 970	10.2	22 223	3.7	598 099
Czech Republic <sup>d</sup> Denmark <sup>d</sup>											
Finland <sup>e</sup>	56 010	77.0	3 525	4.8	2 510	3.4	5 101	7.0	5 640	7.7	72 786
France	368 202	66.1	10 874	2.0	56 578	10.1	90 361	16.2	31 438	5.6	557 452
Germany	1 002 262	82.9	32 760	2.7	62 328	5.2	69 387	5.7	42 370	3.5	1 209 107
Greece <sup>e</sup>	79 612	75.7	928	0.9	9 955	9.5	12 069	11.5	2 671	2.5	105 235
Hungary <sup>d</sup> Ireland <sup>d</sup>											
Japan	1 061 822	85.8	3 491	0.3	128 669	10.4	20 552	1.7	22 913	1.9	1 237 446
Latvia <sup>d</sup>											
Monaco <sup>f</sup>	108	97.1							3	2.9	111
Netherlands <sup>g</sup>	159 904	73.7	4 175	1.9	20 516	9.4	17 487	8.1	13 776	6.3	217 107
New Zealand	22 652	31.2	1 136	1.6	3 015	4.2	42 580	58.7	3 116	4.3	72 499
Norway	27 707	50.3	2 298	4.2	13 630	24.8	4 932	9.0	6 497	11.8	55 064
Poland <sup>d</sup>											
Romania <sup>h</sup>	191 757	72.4	29 742	11.2	17 150	6.5	21 170	8.0	5 061	1.9	264 879
Slovakia <sup>d</sup>											
Spain <sup>e</sup>	215 441	71.5	14 836	4.9	20 955	7.0	39 126	13.0	11 073	3.7	301 431
Sweden <sup>d</sup>											
Switzerland <sup>d</sup>											
United Kingdom	565 797	74.7	37 524	5.0	58 302	7.7	55 069	7.3	41 159	5.4	757 851
United States of	4 970 916	82.9	220	3.7	166 916	2.8	421 400	7.0	218 060	3.6	5 998 204
Total	9 574 772	79.3	430	3.6	651 021	5.4	963 853	8.0	459 822	3.8	12 079 473

<sup>a</sup> Aggregate emissions of  $CO_2$ ,  $CH_4$  and  $N_2O$ , and HFCs, PFCs and  $SF_6$  where reported (see table A.11), using 1995 IPCC global warming potentials.

<sup>b</sup> Includes *solvent use*, *waste*, *other* and  $CH_4$  and  $N_2O$  from *land-use change and forestry*.

Aggregate emissions of all greenhouse gases excluding CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from *land-use change and forestry*.

<sup>d</sup> As estimates for all getained by a set of the se

<sup>e</sup> The Party did not include any estimates from the *land-use change and forestry* sector in its national inventory.

<sup>f</sup> The Party provided estimates for *fuel combustion* and *waste* only, but indicated that emissions from the other sources were negligible.

<sup>g</sup> The Party also provided CO<sub>2</sub> estimates adjusted for temperature correction, but non-adjusted estimates were used for the calculation of

aggregate emissions for comparison and consistency purposes.

<sup>h</sup> In accordance with decision 9/CP.2, Romania uses the year 1989 as its base year.

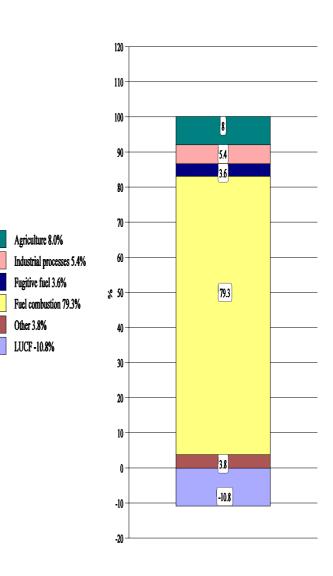
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	Percentage increase or decrease in emissions with the inclusion of land- use change and forestry	Total (including land-use change and forestry) <sup>b</sup>	Land-use change and forestry <sup>a</sup> (CO <sub>2</sub> )
	(%)	(Gg)	(Gg)
AUS	14.2	474 529	58 873
AUT	-17.2	63 971	- 13 300
BEL	-1.5	137 219	- 2 057
CAN	-7.4	554 099	- 44 000
CZE			
DNK			
FIN			
FRA	-5.4	527 136	- 30 316
DEU	-2.5	1 179 107	- 30 000
GRC			
HUN			
IRL			
JPN	-6.8	1 153 543	- 83 903
LVA			
MCO			
NLD	-0.7	215 607	- 1 500
NZL	-29.4	51 186	- 21 313
NOR	-17.4	45 474	- 9 590
POL			
ROM	-1.1	261 954	- 2 925
SVK			
ESP			
SWE			
CHE			
GBR	2.7	778 057	20 207
USA	-19.0	4 856 004	-1 142 200

#### Table A.1.(continued)

#### Figure A.1.

L



Distribution of aggregate GHG emissions and removals by source/ sink categories - 1990

<sup>a</sup>  $CO_2$  estimates for *land-use change and forestry* are as reported in accordance with the present IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories (see table B.8).

Aggregate emissions of all greenhouse gases including CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from *land-use change and forestry*.

	Fuel combustion		Fugitive fuel Industrial processes		Agriculture		Other <sup>b</sup>		Total (excluding land-use change and forestry) <sup>c</sup>		
	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)
Australia	302 128	67.8	29 707	6.7	9 169	2.1	84 255	18.9	20 580	4.6	445 840
Austria	52 012	63.6	2 818	3.4	12 628	15.5	5 366	6.6	8 799	10.8	81 723
Belgium	118 829	77.8	922	0.6	16 620	10.9	10 484	6.9	5 942	3.9	152 793
Canada	478 170	71.2	49 100	7.3	59 100	8.8	65 050	9.7	23 291	3.5	671 374
Czech Republic	131 519	85.4	6 390	4.1	4 023	2.6	9 188	6.0	2 868	1.9	153 989
Denmark <sup>d</sup>	72 631	78.0	747	0.8	1 826	2.0	16 111	17.3	1 801	1.9	93 117
Finland <sup>e</sup>	63 912	81.7	3 532	4.5	2 2 2 6	2.8	4 514	5.8	4 060	5.2	78 243
France	389 412	69.3	9 553	1.7	48 945	8.7	86 734	15.4	27 628	4.9	562 27
Germany	901 822	82.7	24 255	2.2	63 060	5.8	58 837	5.4	43 000	3.9	1 090 974
Greece <sup>e</sup>	86 294	75.2	1 069	0.9	12 800	11.2	11 917	10.4	2 742	2.4	114 789
Hungary	59 660	75.4	8 927	11.3	1 548	2.0	2 902	3.7	6 093	7.7	79 130
Ireland	34 246	57.3	256	0.4	2 550	4.3	19 632	32.9	3 037	5.1	59 722
Japan <sup>f</sup>	1 146 694	83.7	3 517	0.3	168 150	12.3	20 098	1.5	30 851	2.3	1 369 31
Latvia	11 125	61.6	394	2.2	185	1.0	5 727	31.7	627	3.5	18 064
Monaco <sup>g</sup>	141	96.6							5	3.2	145
Netherlands <sup>d</sup>	185 190	76.2	4 164	1.7	22 631	9.3	18 521	7.6	11 348	4.7	243 071
New Zealand	26 044	34.9	1 330	1.8	3 328	4.5	41 372	55.4	2 594	3.5	74 66
Norway	33 150	56.3	2 550	4.3	10 799	18.3	5 079	8.6	7 015	11.9	58 903
Poland	366 915	84.0	19 888	4.6	14 272	3.3	21 855	5.0	13 689	3.1	436 610
Romania <sup>h</sup>	125 731	76.7	17 791	10.8	6 104	3.7	9 611	5.9	4 789	2.9	164 026
Slovakia	43 593	78.6	2 499	4.5	3 779	6.8	3 994	7.2	1 594	2.9	55 468
Spain <sup>ei</sup>	238 408	73.2	13 620	4.2	19 936	6.1	38 096	11.7	15 470	4.8	325 530
Sweden	62 386	85.8			4 579	6.3	4 228	5.8	1 530	2.1	72 723
Switzerland	42 109	78.1	336	0.6	2 813	5.2	5 685	10.5	2 983	5.5	53 924
United Kingdom	552 198	77.0	24 288	3.4	50 243	7.0	52 808	7.4	37 282	5.2	716 818
United States of	5 408 730	82.6	211 621	3.2	220 777	3.4	458 180	7.0	252 280	3.9	6 551 589

# Table A.2.Aggregate emissions and removals of all greenhouse gases<sup>a</sup> (CO2 equivalent) by source/sink<br/>category, including and excluding land-use change and forestry, 1996 (Gigagrams and<br/>percentage of total by Party)

<sup>a</sup> Aggregate emissions of CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O, and HFCs, PFCs and SF<sub>6</sub> where reported (see table A.11), using 1995 IPCC global warming potentials.

762 091

1 060 245

5.6

7.7

13 724 822

3.9

531 895

<sup>b</sup> Includes *solvent use*, *waste*, *other* and  $CH_4$  and  $N_2O$  from *land-use change and forestry*.

79.7

10 933 048

Total

Aggregate emissions of all greenhouse gases excluding  $CO_2$  emissions from *land-use change and forestry*.

439 275

<sup>d</sup> The Party also provided CO<sub>2</sub> estimates adjusted for temperature correction, and in the case of Denmark also for electricity exchange, but non-adjusted estimates were used for the calculation of aggregate emissions for comparison and consistency purposes.

The Party did not include any estimates from the *land-use change and forestry* sector in its national inventory.

3.2

 $^{\rm f}$  As for 1996 no CH<sub>4</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O estimates were provided, 1995 data are given in this table.

<sup>g</sup> The Party provided estimates for *fuel combustion* and *waste* only, but indicated that emissions from the other sources were negligible.

<sup>h</sup> The Party's last reported inventory data were for 1994, which are given in this table.

<sup>i</sup> As the Party did not provide estimates for 1996, estimates for 1995 are given in this table.

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Table A.2.	(continu	ed)		Figure A.2.		
Land-use change and forestry <sup>a</sup> (CO <sub>2</sub> )	Total (including Land-use change and Forestry) <sup>b</sup>	Percentage increase or decrease in emissions with the inclusion of land- use change and forestry			110 -	
(Gg)	(Gg)	(%)			100 -	77
36 260 - 13 800	482 101 67 923	8.1 -16.9	AUS AUT		90-	5.6
- 2 057 - 29 000	150 740 642 374	-1.3 -4.3	BEL CAN		80 —	32
- 4 479 - 24	149 510 93 093	-2.9 0.0	CZE DNK FIN		70-	
- 41 249 - 35 900	521 022 1 055 074	-7.3 -3.3	FRA DEU	Agriculture 7.7% Industrial processes 5.6%	60-	
- 3 931 - 6 497	75 199 53 225	-5.0 -10.9	GRC HUN IRL	Fugitive fuel 3.2% Fuel combustion 79.7%	\$ 50-	79.7
- 96 705 - 14 320	1 272 606 3 744	-7.1 -79.3	JPN LVA	Other 3.9%	40-	
- 1 700 - 16 530	241 371 58 137	-0.7 -22.1	MCO NLD NZL		30	
- 17 611 - 42 617	41 292 393 999	-29.9 -9.8	NOR POL		20 -	
- 6 590 - 5 281	157 436 50 187	-4.0 -9.5	ROM SVK ESP		10 -	
- 32 296 - 5 200	40 427 48 724	-44.4 -9.6	ESP SWE CHE		0-	39 
11 299 - 764 683	728 118 5 786 906	1.6 -11.7	GBR USA		-10	
-1 092 910	12 113 205	-8.0	Total			

Distribution of aggregate GHG emissions and removals by source/ sink categories - 1996

<sup>a</sup> CO<sub>2</sub> estimates for *land-use change and forestry* are as reported in accordance with the present IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories (see table B.8).

<sup>b</sup> Aggregate emissions of all greenhouse gases including CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from *land-use change and forestry*.

		Ene	rgy		Industrial pro	ocesses	Waste		
	Fuel combustion <sup>b</sup>		Fugitive fuel						
	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	
Australia	262 623	95.4	6 066	2.2	6 655	2.4			
Austria	46 700	75.2	2 100	3.4	12 700	20.5			
Belgium	105 919	91.2			9 188	7.9	983	0.8	
Canada	412 000	89.4	9 780	2.1	31 900	6.9	299	0.1	
Czech Republic <sup>c</sup>									
Denmark <sup>c</sup>									
Finland	53 900	91	3 500	5.9	1 200	2			
France	360 186	92.2	4 306	1.1	20 948	5.4	3 198	0.8	
Germany	986 487	97.3			27 668	2.7			
Greece	77 256	90.5			7 804	9.1	103	0.1	
Hungary <sup>c</sup>									
Ireland <sup>c</sup>									
Japan	1 052 964	93.6			58 795	5.2	12 773	1.1	
Latvia <sup>c</sup>									
Monaco	106	98.1					2	1.9	
Netherlands <sup>d</sup>	157 530	97.6	420	0.3	1 880	1.2	1 520	0.9	
New Zealand	22 240	88.1	615	2.4	2 386	9.5			
Norway	26 730	75.4	1 878	5.3	6 694	18.9	11	0	
Poland <sup>c</sup>									
Romania <sup>e</sup>	185 575	95.3			9 244	4.7	7	0	
Slovakia <sup>c</sup>									
Spain <sup>f</sup>	207 592	91.7	414	0.2	17 690	7.8			
Sweden <sup>c</sup>									
Switzerland <sup>c</sup>									
United Kingdom	558 774	95.8	9 815	1.7	13 916	2.4	660	0.1	
United States of America	4 881 500	98.7	7 300	0.1	54 500	1.1			
Total	9 398 082	96.3	46 194	0.5	283 167	2.9	19 556	0.2	

### Table A.3.Anthropogenic CO2 emissions by source category, excluding land-use change and forestry,<br/>a<br/>1990 (Gigagrams and percentage of total by Party)

<sup>a</sup> In light of the ongoing work on methodological issues related to the estimation and reporting of emissions and removals from the *land-use change and forestry* sector, emissions from this sector were excluded from this table for comparison and consistency purposes. They are however presented in tables A.1 and B.8.

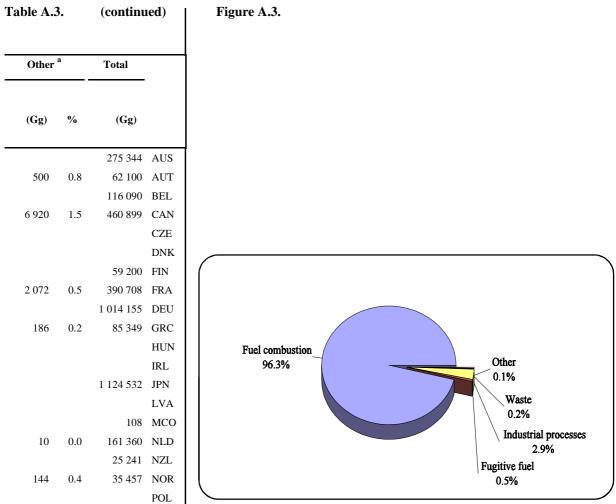
<sup>b</sup> For further details on *fuel combustion* see table A.5.

As estimates for 1990 (or base year other than 1990 for some EIT Parties) were not provided in the annual inventory submissions, and no indication as to the methodological consistency with estimates provided in second national communications was made, no emission estimates are given in this table.

<sup>d</sup> Party also provided estimates adjusted for temperature correction, but non-adjusted estimates were included in this table for comparison and consistency purposes.

<sup>e</sup> In accordance with decision 9/CP.2, Romania uses the year 1989 as its base year.

<sup>f</sup> Estimates of 18,725 Gg from *agriculture* and 2,161Gg from *waste* were reported but not included in the Party's national total. On the other hand, the Party included an estimate of 727 Gg under *Other* (corresponding to 0.3% of the Party's total CO<sub>2</sub>) in its national total.



Distribution of  $CO_2$  emissions by source categories - 1990

Other <sup>4</sup>	a	Total	
(Gg)	%	(Gg)	
		275 344	AUS
500	0.8	62 100	AUT
		116 090	BEL
6 920	1.5	460 899	CAN
			CZE
			DNK
		59 200	FIN
2 072	0.5	390 708	FRA
		1 014 155	DEU
186	0.2	85 349	GRC
			HUN
			IRL
		1 124 532	JPN
			LVA
		108	MCO
10	0.0	161 360	NLD
		25 241	NZL
144	0.4	35 457	NOR
			POL
		194 826	ROM
			SVK
		226 423	ESP
			SWE
			CHE
		583 165	GBR
		4 943 300	USA
9 831	0.1	9 758 258	Total

a Includes solvent use and agriculture.

		Energy	7		Industrial pro	ocesses	Waste	
	Fuel combu	stion <sup>b</sup>	Fugitive	fuel				
	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%
Australia	295 620	95.9	5 670	1.8	7 110	2.3	14	0.0
Austria	50 800	78.2	2 700	4.2	10 900	16.8	100	0.2
Belgium	116 069	90.3			11 287	8.8	1 190	0.9
Canada	454 000	89.3	13 400	2.6	39 200	7.7	324	0.1
Czech Republic	129 516	97.7	76	0.1	2 479	1.9	357	0.3
Denmark <sup>c</sup>	71 406	97.5	378	0.5	1 388	1.9	0	0.0
Finland	61 300	92.4	3 500	5.3	840	1.3		
France	379 711	93.4	4 005	1.0	17 313	4.3	3 791	0.9
Germany	885 000	97.3			25 000	2.7		
Greece	83 582	90.9			8 111	8.8	106	0.1
Hungary	58 174	96.2			1 548	2.6	754	1.2
Ireland	33 027	94.9			1 738	5.0	54	0.2
Japan	1 152 134	93.3			61 093	4.9	21 677	1.8
Latvia	10 875	98.3			185	1.7		
Monaco	138	97.5					4	2.5
Netherlands <sup>c</sup>	181 730	98.3	140	0.1	1 740	0.9	1 250	0.7
New Zealand	25 594	88.2	672	2.3	2 742	9.5		
Norway	31 779	77.4	1 983	4.8	7 163	17.4	6	0.0
Poland	363 499	97.6	94	0.0	8 938	2.4		
Romania <sup>d</sup>	121 327	96.6			4 263	3.4	7	0
Slovakia	43 104	93.5	0	0.0	3 001	6.5	0	0.0
Spain <sup>e</sup>	229 675	92.7	418	0.2	17 278	7.0		
Sweden	59 390	93.7			3 711	5.9		
Switzerland	41 300	91.8	70	0.2	2 200	4.9	1 400	3.1
United Kingdom	543 880	96.5	7 488	1.3	11 703	2.1	378	0.1
United States of America	5 317 843	98.6	12 730	0.2	63 309	1.2		
Total	10 740 473	96.4	53 323	0.5	314 240	2.8	31 411	0.3

### Table A.4.Anthropogenic CO2 emissions by source category, excluding land-use change and forestry,<br/>a<br/>1996 (Gigagrams and percentage of total by Party)

<sup>a</sup> In light of the ongoing work on methodological issues related to the estimation and reporting of emissions and removals from the *land-use change and forestry* sector, emissions from this sector were excluded from this table for comparison and consistency purposes. They are however presented in tables A.2 and B.8.

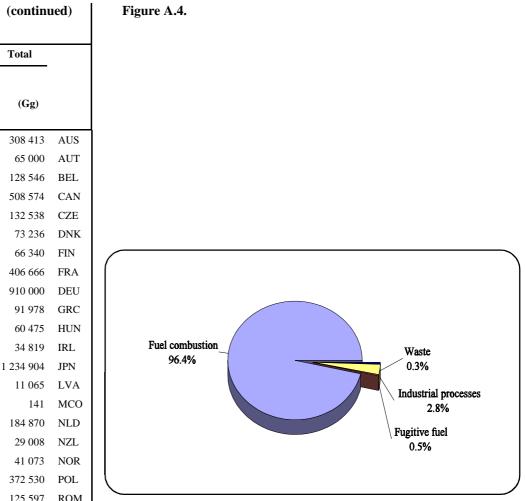
<sup>b</sup> For further details on *fuel combustion* see table A.6.

<sup>c</sup> Party also provided estimates adjusted for temperature correction, and in the case of Denmark also for electricity exchange, but

non-adjusted estimates were included in this table for comparison and consistency purposes.

<sup>d</sup> The Party's last reported inventory data were for 1994, which are given in this table.

<sup>e</sup> As the Party did not provide estimates for 1996, estimates for 1995 are given in this table. Estimates of 17,386 Gg from *agriculture* and 2,623 Gg from *waste* were reported but not included in the Party's national total. On the other hand, the Party included an estimate of 332 Gg under *Other* (corresponding to 0.1% of the Party's total CO<sub>2</sub>) in its national total.



Distribution of  $CO_2$  emissions by source categories - 1996

Table A.4	•	(continu	ied)
Other <sup>a</sup>	ı	Total	
(Gg)	%	(Gg)	
		308 413	AUS
400	0.6	65 000	AUT
		128 546	BEL
1 650	0.3	508 574	CAN
109	0.1	132 538	CZE
64	0.1	73 236	DNK
		66 340	FIN
1 847	0.5	406 666	FRA
		910 000	DEU
180	0.2	91 978	GRC
		60 475	HUN
		34 819	IRL
		1 234 904	JPN
		11 065	LVA
		141	MCO
10	0.0	184 870	NLD
		29 008	NZL
142	0.3	41 073	NOR
		372 530	POL
		125 597	ROM
0	0.0	46 105	SVK
		247 703	ESP
249	0.4	63 350	SWE
		44 970	CHE
		563 450	GBR
		5 393 883	USA
4 651	0.0	11 145 236	Total

<sup>a</sup> Includes *solvent use* and *agriculture*.

	Energ industri		Industr	У	Small combu	stion <sup>a</sup>	Transpo	rt
	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%
Australia	141 807	54.0	47 363	18.0	12 178	4.6	59 596	22.7
Austria	12 500	26.8	7 400	15.8	12 900	27.6	13 900	29.8
Belgium	28 140	26.6	31 027	29.3	26 262	24.8	19 964	18.8
Canada	133 000	32.3	62 300	15.1	69 900	17.0	147 000	35.7
Czech Republic <sup>b</sup>								
Denmark <sup>b</sup>								
Finland	18 400	34.1	14 100	26.2	7 300	13.5	11 900	22.1
France	65 495	18.2	77 747	21.6	93 833	26.1	123 111	34.2
Germany	416 118	42.2	193 104	19.6	203 314	20.6	162 231	16.4
Greece	43 658	56.5	9 820	12.7	8 168	10.6	15 170	19.6
Hungary <sup>b</sup>								
Ireland <sup>b</sup>								
Japan	339 065	32.2	339 378	32.2	158 298	15.0	207 431	19.7
Latvia <sup>b</sup>								
Monaco	37	35.0			29	27.8	39	37.2
Netherlands <sup>c</sup>	51 040	32.4	41 400	26.3	35 400	22.5	28 560	18.1
New Zealand	6 040	27.2	4 710	21.2	2 733	12.3	8 645	38.9
Norway	7 347	27.5	3 070	11.5	2 428	9.1	13 885	51.9
Poland <sup>b</sup>								
Romania <sup>d</sup>	89 214	48.1	56 678	30.5	28 274	15.2	7 893	4.3
Slovakia <sup>b</sup>								
Spain	75 184	36.2	47 971	23.1	26 177	12.6	58 260	28.1
Sweden <sup>b</sup>								
Switzerland <sup>b</sup>								
United Kingdom	230 775	41.3	94 627	16.9	112 207	20.1	115 901	20.7
United States of America <sup>e</sup>	1 748 400	35.8	1 051 400	21.5	549 200	11.3	1 499 100	30.7
Total	3 406 220	36.2	2 082 095	22.2	1 348 601	14.3	2 492 586	26.5

### Table A.5.Anthropogenic CO2 emissions from fuel combustion, 1990 (Gigagrams and percentage of<br/>total by Party)

<sup>a</sup> Includes emissions from the source/sink categories: *commercial/institutional*, *residential*, and *agricultural/forestry/fishing*.

<sup>b</sup> As estimates for 1990 (or base year other than 1990 for some EIT Parties) were not provided in the annual inventory submissions, and no indication as to the methodological consistency with estimates provided in second national communications was made, no emission estimates are given in this table.

Party also provided estimates adjusted for temperature correction, but non-adjusted estimates were included in this table for comparison and consistency purpose.
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<sup>d</sup> In accordance with decision 9/CP.2, Romania uses the year 1989 as its base year.

<sup>e</sup> Fuel combustion emissions from territories of the United States of America are included under other.

ble A.5	•	(continued	l)	igure A.5.	
Other	a	Total			
(Gg)	%	(Gg)			
1 680	0.6	262 623	AUS		
		46 700	AUT		
526	0.5	105 919	BEL		
0	0.0	412 000	CAN		
			CZE		
			DNK		
2 200	4.1	53 900	FIN		
		360 186	FRA		Energy industries
11 720	1.2	986 487	DEU		36.2%
440	0.6	77 256	GRC		
			HUN		
			IRL	Industry 22.2%	
8 792	0.8	1 052 964	JPN	22.270	Other
			LVA		0.7%
		106	MCO		
1 100	0.7	157 530	NLD		
113	0.5	22 240	NZL	Small combustion	Transport
		26 730	NOR	14.3%	26.5%
			POL		
3 517	1.9	185 575	ROM		
			SVK	Distribution of CO <sub>2</sub> fuel comb	ustion emissions by s
		207 592	ESP	categories - 1990	
			SWE		
			CHE		
	0.0	558 774	CDD		
5 264	0.9	558774	GBR		

Т

68 751

0.7

9 398 082

Total

a Includes emissions from all other non-specified fuel combustion except from the combustion of biomass. Includes emissions from military fuel use.

	Energy industri		Industr	y	Small combu	stion <sup>a</sup>	Transpo	rt
	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%
Australia	163 335	55.3	49 190	16.6	13 727	4.6	67 240	22.7
Austria	13 000	25.6	7 400	14.6	14 700	28.9	15 700	30.9
Belgium	29 195	25.2	28 681	24.7	35 548	30.6	22 389	19.3
Canada	140 000	30.8	66 900	14.7	79 900	17.6	167 000	36.8
Czech Republic	57 818	44.6	43 867	33.9	17 936	13.8	9 896	7.6
Denmark <sup>b</sup>	44 020	61.6	6 312	8.8	9 273	13.0	11 748	16.5
Finland	27 400	44.7	13 500	22.0	7 600	12.4	11 000	17.9
France	59 537	15.7	80 606	21.2	104 199	27.4	135 368	35.7
Germany	361 000	40.8	140 000	15.8	206 000	23.3	173 000	19.5
Greece	45 541	54.5	10 653	12.7	10 039	12.0	17 253	20.6
Hungary	26 610	45.7	6 199	10.7	18 091	31.1	6 612	11.4
Ireland	14 087	42.7	3 446	10.4	8 956	27.1	6 538	19.8
Japan	360 530	31.3	352 607	30.6	173 239	15.0	248 576	21.6
Latvia	4 422	40.7	742	6.8	2 289	21.0	1 612	14.8
Monaco	51	37.2			40	28.9	47	33.9
Netherlands <sup>b</sup>	56 340	31.0	42 680	23.5	45 880	25.2	33 370	18.4
New Zealand	6 271	24.5	5 646	22.1	2 624	10.3	10 972	42.9
Norway	9 671	30.4	4 085	12.9	2 514	7.9	15 508	48.8
Poland	195 988	53.9	74 683	20.5	64 106	17.6	28 098	7.7
Romania <sup>c</sup>	113 583	93.6					7 744	6.4
Slovakia	38 940	90.3					4 164	9.7
Spain <sup>d</sup>	84 330	36.7	52 968	23.1	28 110	12.2	64 268	28.0
Sweden	14 295	24.1	14 400	24.2	11 015	18.5	19 573	33.0
Switzerland	950	2.3	5 250	12.7	19 300	46.7	14 910	36.1
United Kingdom	199 698	36.7	91 742	16.9	127 481	23.4	121 882	22.4
United States of America <sup>e</sup>	1 895 156	35.6	1 125 708	21.2	626 200	11.8	1 631 090	30.7
Total	3 961 767	36.9	2 227 266	20.7	1 628 766	15.2	2 845 558	26.5

### Table A.6.Anthropogenic CO2 emissions from fuel combustion, 1996 (Gigagrams and percentage of<br/>total by Party)

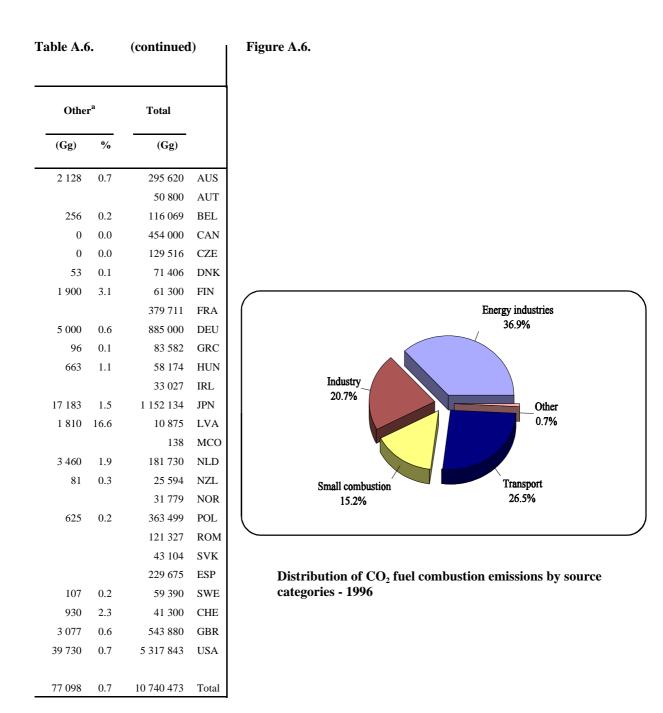
<sup>a</sup> Includes emissions from the source/sink categories: *commercial/institutional*, *residential*, and *agricultural/forestry/fishing*.

<sup>b</sup> Party also provided estimates adjusted for temperature correction, and in the case of Denmark also for electricity exchange, but non-adjusted estimates were included in this table for comparison and consistency purposes.

<sup>c</sup> The Party's last reported inventory data were for 1994, which are given in this table. The Party only reported aggregate emissions from stationary sources for 1994. This estimate is included under *energy industries* in this table.

<sup>d</sup> As the Party did not provide estimates for 1996, estimates for 1995 are given in this table.

<sup>e</sup> *Fuel combustion* emissions from territories of the United States of America are included under *other*.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Includes emissions from all other non-specified *fuel combustion* except from the combustion of *biomass*. Includes emissions from military fuel use.

		Ene	ergy			Agricu	lture		Was	te
	Fuel comb	ustion	Fugitive	e fuel	Livest	ock <sup>a</sup>	Othe	b		
	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%
Australia	109	2.0	1 108	20.7	2 869	53.7	331	6.2	704	13.2
Austria	20	3.4	4	0.7	173	29.4	36	6.1	227	38.7
Belgium	16	2.4	53	8.4	374	58.9	15	2.3	174	27.4
Canada	260	7.9	1 200	36.4	950	28.8	0	0.0	850	25.8
Czech Republic <sup>c</sup>										
Denmark <sup>c</sup>										
Finland	19	5.4	1	0.3	94	26.2			240	67.0
France	164	5.4	311	10.3	1 599	53.0	32	1.0	815	27.0
Germany	205	3.7	1 560	28.3	1 887	34.2			1 870	33.9
Greece	13	3.0	44	10.1	164	37.4	107	24.5	109	24.9
Hungary <sup>c</sup>										
Ireland <sup>c</sup>										
Japan	96	6.2	166	10.7	464	30.0	378	24.4	394	25.5
Latvia <sup>c</sup>										
Monaco <sup>d</sup>	0	55.8							0	44.2
Netherlands	35	2.7	179	13.8	505	39.1			568	44.0
New Zealand	11	0.6	25	1.5	1 492	89.2	0	0.0	141	8.4
Norway	17	3.8	20	4.5	102	23.1			302	68.3
Poland <sup>c</sup>										
Romania <sup>e</sup>	50	2.1	1 416	60.1	600	25.5	34	1.5	241	10.2
Slovakia <sup>c</sup>										
Spain	76	3.5	687	31.5	810	37.1	115	5.3	491	22.5
Sweden <sup>c</sup>										
Switzerland <sup>c</sup>										
United Kingdom	105	2.4	1 319	29.7	1 077	24.3	13	0.3	1 923	43.3
United States of	656	2.2	10 172	34.3	8 300	28.0	400	1.4	10 000	33.8
Total	1 850	2.9	18 266	29.1	21 459	34.2	1 460	2.3	19 051	30.4

### Table A.7.Anthropogenic CH4 emissions by source category, 1990 (Gigagrams and percentage of total<br/>by Party)

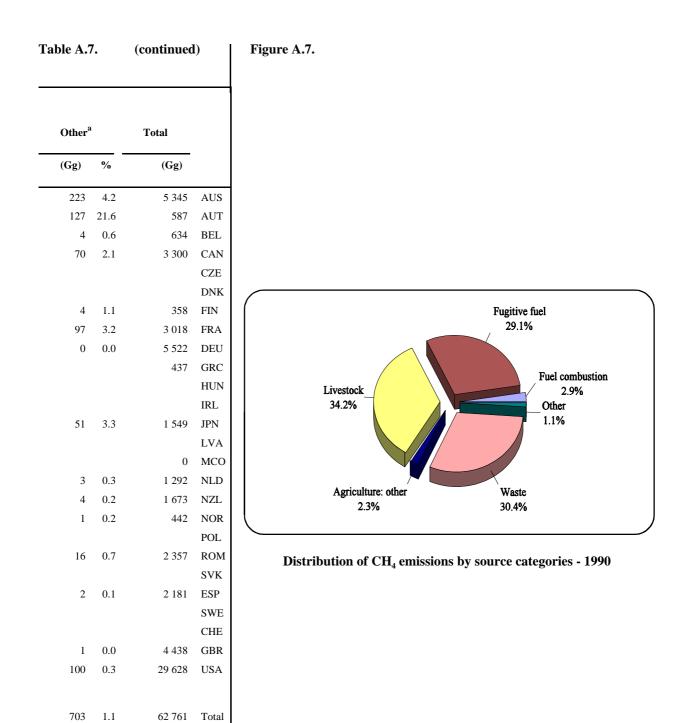
<sup>a</sup> Includes source/sink categories: *enteric fermentation* and *manure management*.

<sup>b</sup> Includes source/sink categories: rice cultivation, agricultural soils, prescribed burning of savannas and field burning of agricultural residues.

<sup>c</sup> As estimates for 1990 (or base year other than 1990 for some EIT Parties) were not provided in the annual inventory submissions, and no indication as to the methodological consistency with estimates provided in second national communications was made, no emission estimates are given in this table.

<sup>d</sup> Estimates reported were approximately zero (total 1990: 0.05 Gg)

<sup>e</sup> In accordance with decision 9/CP.2, Romania uses the year 1989 as its base year.



<sup>a</sup> Includes *industrial processes*, *solvent use* and *land-use change and forestry*.

		Ener	rgy			Agricult	ure		Waste		
	Fuel combi	istion	Fugitive	e fuel	Livesto	ock <sup>a</sup>	Other	b			
	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	
Australia	112	2.1	1 143	21.5	2 784	52.4	312	5.9	794	15	
Austria	16	2.9	6	1.0	171	29.8	36	6.2	218	38.0	
Belgium	15	2.5	34	5.7	340	57.6	14	2.4	186	31.5	
Canada	280	7.0	1 700	42.5	1 070	26.8	0	0.0	940	23.5	
Czech Republic	34	5.9	301	52.5	134	23.4	0	0.0	97	17.0	
Denmark	13	3.1	17	4.1	321	75.5	0	0.0	73	17.2	
Finland	23	8.3	2	0.6	82	30.5			160	59.3	
France	178	6.6	263	9.7	1 533	56.5	33	1.2	607	22.4	
Germany	122	2.6	1 155	24.4	1 547	32.7			1 900	40.2	
Greece	14	3.1	51	11.1	170	37.2	110	24.0	113	24.6	
Hungary	20	2.5	425	52.3	115	14.1	1	0.2	254	31.2	
Ireland	4	0.5	12	1.5	625	78.2	29	3.7	102	12.8	
Japan <sup>c</sup>	56	3.8	167	11.3	447	30.1	385	26.0	374	25.2	
Latvia	6	6.7	19	20.2	42	45.0			26	28.1	
Monaco <sup>d</sup>	0	61.7							0	38.3	
Netherlands	39	3.3	192	16.3	476	40.4			466	39.5	
New Zealand	11	0.7	31	2.0	1 431	89.8	0	0.0	114	7.2	
Norway	21	4.3	27	5.6	109	22.5			327	67.4	
Poland	56	2.5	943	41.9	590	26.2	1	0.1	652	28.9	
Romania <sup>e</sup>	24	1.6	847	58.0	357	24.5			228	15.6	
Slovakia	10	3.2	119	37.9	109	34.7			69	22.0	
Spain <sup>f</sup>	72	3.0	629	26.5	848	35.8	102	4.3	719	30.3	
Sweden	38	12.7			198	66.7			61	20.5	
Switzerland	8	3.3	13	5.6	145	63.7	- 3	-1.3	66	28.7	
United Kingdom	94	2.5	800	21.6	1 064	28.7	0	0.0	1 754	47.3	
United States of	667	2.1	9 471	30.4	8 900	28.6	400	1.3	11 600	37.3	
Total	1 932	2.8	18 366	27.1	23 607	34.8	1 420	2.1	21 898	32.3	

### Table A.8.Anthropogenic CH4 emissions by source category, 1996 (Gigagrams and percentage of total<br/>by Party)

<sup>a</sup> Includes source/sink categories: *enteric fermentation* and *manure management*.

<sup>b</sup> Includes source/sink categories: rice cultivation, agricultural soils, prescribed burning of savannas and field burning of agricultural residues.

<sup>c</sup> As the Party did not provide CH<sub>4</sub> estimates for 1996, estimates for 1995 are given in this table.

<sup>d</sup> Estimates reported were approximately zero (total 1996: 0.06 Gg).

<sup>e</sup> The Party's last reported inventory data were for 1994, which are given in this table. The Party provided an aggregate estimate for agriculture which is included under *livestock* in this table.

<sup>f</sup> As the Party did not provide estimates for 1996, estimates for 1995 are given in this table.

able A.8	•	(continue	d)	Figure A.8.
Other <sup>a</sup>		Total		
(Gg)	%	(Gg)		
162	3.0	5 308	AUS	
127	22.1	574	AUT	
2	0.4	591	BEL	
40	1.0	4 000	CAN	
7	1.3	573	CZE	
0	0.0	425	DNK	
4	1.4	270	FIN	Fugitive fuel
98	3.6	2 712	FRA	27.1%
0	0.0	4 724	DEU	
		457	GRC	Livestock Fuel combustion
0	0.0	813	HUN	Livestock 34.8%
27	3.4	800	IRL	Other
54	3.6	1 482	JPN	1%
		93	LVA	
		0	MCO	
5	0.4	1 179	NLD	Agriculture: other Waste
6	0.4	1 593	NZL	2.1% 32.3%
1	0.2	485	NOR	
11	0.5	2 252	POL	
5	0.3	1 461	ROM	
7	2.1	314	SVK	Distribution of $CH_4$ emissions by source categories - 1990
2	0.1	2 370	ESP	
		297	SWE	
0	0.2	228	CHE	
1	0.0	3 712	GBR	
100	0.3	31 138	USA	

<sup>a</sup> Includes *industrial processes, solvent use* and *land-use change and forestry*.

67 850 Total

658

1.0

		Ener	rgy		Industrial <b>p</b>	processes	Agricul	ture	Wast	te
	Transp	ort	Other	a						
	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%
Australia	5.2	6.9	2.7	3.6	1.6	2.2	63.0	84.1		
Austria	1.0	10.9	0.9	9.8	0.6	6.5	3.3	35.9		
Belgium	0.9	3.0	7.4	23.9	11.5	37.3	10.9	35.4	0.1	0.3
Canada	29.0	15.3	8.0	4.2	37.0	19.5	110.0	57.9	3.0	1.6
Czech Republic <sup>b</sup>										
Denmark <sup>b</sup>										
Finland	1.7	9.1	3.8	20.4	3.0	16.1	10.1	54.3		
France	4.0	1.3	10.9	3.5	90.0	29.2	181.1	58.7	3.1	1.0
Germany	11.0	4.9	26.0	11.5	83.0	36.7	96.0	42.5	4.0	1.8
Greece	0.6	2.0	6.1	20.4	2.3	7.7	20.6	68.9	0.3	1.0
Hungary <sup>b</sup>										
Ireland <sup>b</sup>										
Japan	12.9	21.2	9.2	15.1	23.8	39.0	9.3	15.2	4.9	8.0
Latvia <sup>b</sup>										
Monaco <sup>c</sup>	0.0	20.0	0.0	40.0					0.0	40.0
Netherlands	4.6	7.2	0.7	1.1	31.5	49.3	22.2	34.7	0.5	0.8
New Zealand	0.4	1.0	0.3	0.7			36.3	97.7	0.2	0.5
Norway	0.0	0.0	2.0	11.1	7.0	38.9	9.0	50.0		
Poland <sup>b</sup>										
Romania <sup>d</sup>	0.3	0.4	16.3	24.6	24.4	36.9	25.3	38.1		
Slovakia <sup>b</sup>										
Spain	2.0	2.1	18.2	19.3	10.4	11.0	63.5	67.4	0.1	0.1
Sweden <sup>b</sup>										
Switzerland <sup>b</sup>										
United Kingdom	4.2	2.0	11.3	5.3	95.3	44.3	103.8	48.3	0.4	0.2
United States of	200.0	17.6	44.0	3.9	96.0	8.5	770.0	67.8	26.0	2.3
Total	277.7	10.8	167.7	6.5	517.4	20.1	1 534.3	59.5	42.5	1.6

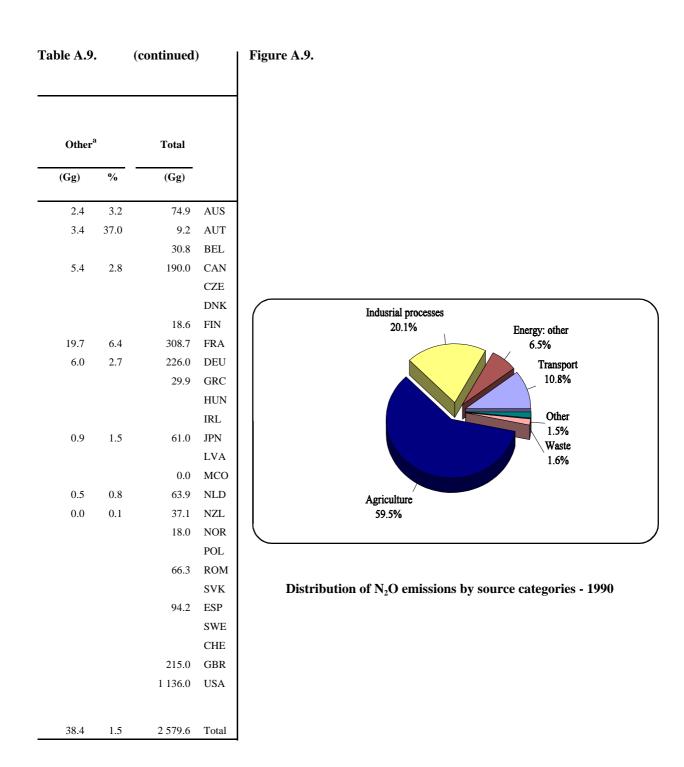
## Table A.9. Anthropogenic N2O emissions by source category, 1990 (Gigagrams and percentage of total by Party)

<sup>a</sup> Includes *fugitive fuel* emissions and *fuel combustion* emissions other than *transport*.

As estimates for 1990 (or base year other than 1990 for some EIT Parties) were not provided in the annual inventory submissions, and no indication as to the methodological consistency with estimates provided in second national communications was made, no emission estimates are given in this table.

<sup>c</sup> Estimates reported were approximately zero (total 1990: 0.005 Gg).

<sup>d</sup> In accordance with decision 9/CP.2, Romania uses the year 1989 as its base year.



<sup>a</sup> Includes *solvent use* and *land-use change and forestry*.

		Ener	rgy		Industrial p	rocesses	Agricul	ture	Wast	te
-	Transpo	ort	Other	a						
-	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%	(Gg)	%
Australia	10.5	13.4	2.9	3.7	1.6	2.0	62.0	78.6		
Austria	1.8	18.0	1.0	10.0	0.5	5.0	3.3	33.0		
Belgium	1.1	3.2	7.5	21.2	14.0	39.9	9.8	27.9	0.1	0.2
Canada	51.0	22.2	8.0	3.5	40.0	17.4	130.0	56.5	3.2	1.4
Czech Republic	1.8	6.1	2.4	8.2	3.3	11.5	20.6	70.8	0.0	0.0
Denmark	1.1	3.3	1.9	5.7	0.0	0.0	30.2	89.1	0.0	0.0
Finland	1.8	9.7	5.1	27.6	2.6	14.1	9.0	48.6		
France	8.0	2.7	11.3	3.8	81.1	27.2	173.7	58.4	3.5	1.2
Germany	22.0	9.6	24.0	10.5	87.0	38.2	85.0	37.3	4.0	1.8
Greece	1.1	3.8	6.7	22.9	1.8	6.1	19.5	66.6	0.3	1.0
Hungary <sup>b</sup>			3.4	67.0	0.0	0.0	1.7	32.9		
Ireland	0.6	2.1	3.1	11.9	2.6	10.0	19.0	72.6		
Japan <sup>c</sup>	14.3	22.8	9.5	15.1	23.6	37.7	8.5	13.6	5.3	8.5
Latvia	0.3	1.5	0.1	0.8			15.6	96.1	0.3	1.5
Monaco <sup>d</sup>	0.0	33.3	0.0	33.3					0.0	22.2
Netherlands	7.8	10.8	0.7	1.0	31.6	43.6	27.5	38.0	0.6	0.8
New Zealand	0.5	1.2	0.3	0.7			36.5	97.4	0.2	0.6
Norway	1.0	5.6	2.0	11.1	5.0	27.8	9.0	50.0	0.0	0.0
Poland	1.4	2.7	5.8	10.7	16.2	30.1	30.5	56.5		
Romania <sup>e</sup>			12.6	50.4	5.6	22.4	6.8	27.2		
Slovakia	0.4	5.1	0.5	6.3	1.1	13.9	5.5	69.6	0.4	5.1
Spain <sup>f</sup>	3.0	3.3	20.3	22.4	8.4	9.3	58.6	64.7	0.2	0.2
Sweden	1.7	16.8	5.4	53.5	2.8	27.7	0.2	2.0		
Switzerland	1.9	15.7	0.3	2.1	0.3	2.6	8.7	73.7	0.3	2.5
United Kingdom	10.2	5.4	10.3	5.4	70.3	37.1	98.3	51.9	0.2	0.1
United States of America	200.0	16.2	48.0	3.9	108.0	8.8	848.0	68.8	28.0	2.3
Total	343.2	12.0	193.1	6.8	507.5	17.8	1 717.6	60.3	46.5	1.6

### Table A.10. Anthropogenic N<sub>2</sub>O emissions by source category, 1996 (Gigagrams and percentage of total by Party)

<sup>a</sup> Includes *fugitive fuel* emissions and *fuel combustion* emissions other than *transport*.

<sup>b</sup> The Party only reported aggregate emissions from *fuel combustion*; this estimate is included under *other* in this table.

As the Party did not provide N<sub>2</sub>O estimates for 1996, estimates for 1995 are given in this table.

<sup>d</sup> Estimates reported were approximately zero (total 1996: 0.009 Gg).

The Party's last reported inventory data were for 1994, which are given in this table. The Party only reported aggregate emissions from *fuel* combustion for 1994; this estimate is included under other in this table.
 As the Party did not provide actimates for 1005 are given in this table.

As the Party did not provide estimates for 1996, estimates for 1995 are given in this table.

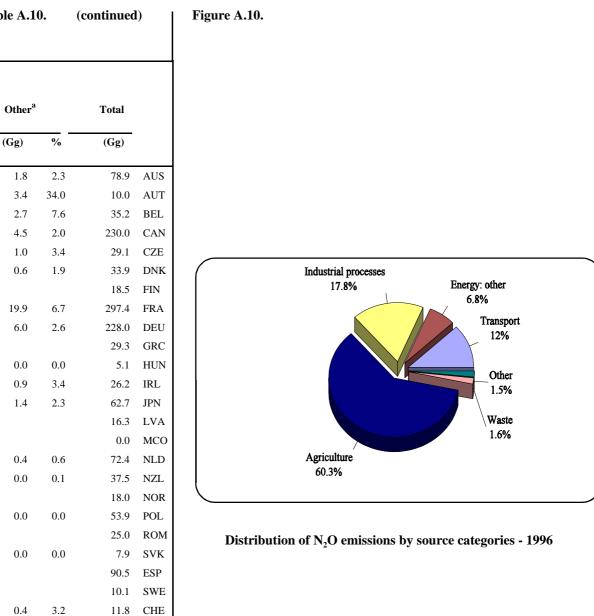


Table A.10.

а Includes solvent use and land-use change and forestry.

189.3

1 232.0

2 849.0

43.1

1.5

GBR

USA

Total

	Н	FCs <sup>c</sup>			PFCs <sup>d</sup>			$SF_6$	
-	1990	1996		1990	1996		1990	1996	
	Gg	Gg	%	Gg	Gg	%	Gg	Gg	%
Australia				4 860	1 484	-69		15	
Austria <sup>cd</sup>		712			70			789	
Belgium		533			73		333	333	0
Canada		500		6 000	6 000	0	3 000	1 000	-67
Czech Republic <sup>cd</sup>		222			4			183	
Denmark <sup>cd</sup>		300			3			134	
Finland	200	380	90				100	120	20
France <sup>e</sup>	2 232	2 325	4	3 033	1 428	-53	2 414	2 701	12
Germany <sup>c</sup>	2 340	3 593	54	2 694	1 617	-40	3 896	5 879	51
Greece	935	3 746	30	503	385	-23			
Hungary <sup>f</sup>									
Ireland <sup>f</sup>									
Japan <sup>cd</sup>	17 564	34 433	96	5 670	15 830	179	38 240	52 580	38
Latvia <sup>f</sup>									
Monaco <sup>f</sup>									
Netherlands	4 900	7 200	47	2 500	2 300	-8	1 400	1 500	7
New Zealand		297		601	262	-56	25	25	0
Norway	0	268		2 546	1 271	-50	2 199	526	-76
Poland <sup>cd</sup>		68			7				
Romania <sup>f</sup>									
Slovakia					320				
Spain <sup>f</sup>									
Sweden <sup>f</sup>									
Switzerland		413			24			72	
United Kingdom <sup>cd</sup>	12 180	15 358	26	2 085	535	-74	574	837	46
United States of America <sup>g</sup>	35 809	66 824	87	18 003	18 401	2	26 744	36 663	37

## Table A.11.Emissions of hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons and sulphur hexafluoride<sup>ab</sup> (Gigagrams<br/>of CO2 equivalent using IPCC 1995 GWP values with a time horizon of 100 years), 1990 and<br/>1996, and percentage change by Party

<sup>a</sup> The estimates provided in this table are in many cases approximate, as Parties provided emissions of HFCs and PFCs on an aggregate basis and the secretariat had to make assumptions as to the species of the gases to calculate emissions in  $CO_2$  equivalent. The secretariat based the assumptions to the extent possible on information provided in previously submitted inventories (second national communications).

<sup>b</sup> Estimates given in this table refer to actual emissions, except in cases where only potential emissions have been reported, as was the case for Austria, Finland and Japan. New Zealand also reported potential emissions, with the exception of some PFCs, which are actual emissions. The Netherlands reported actual emissions for HFCs and PFCs, but potential emissions for SF<sub>6</sub>. In the case of Switzerland actual figures for PFCs and SF<sub>6</sub> are given in this table, while potential emissions are given for HFCs. Norway reported potential emissions for HFCs and SF<sub>6</sub>, and actual emissions for PFCs.

<sup>c</sup> Austria, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Germany, Japan, Poland and the United Kingdom only reported aggregate estimates in full mass for HFCs. The secretariat calculated HFC emissions in  $CO_2$  equivalent based on information as to the species of the gases provided in second national communications. For Poland it was assumed that all these emissions were HFC-134a, as no information was available in the national communication.

<sup>d</sup> Austria, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Japan, Poland and the United Kingdom only reported aggregate PFC figures in full mass. The secretariat calculated PFC emissions in  $CO_2$  equivalent for Austria and Japan based on information provided in second national communications. For the Czech Republic, Denmark, Poland and the United Kingdom it was assumed that approximately 90 per cent was  $CF_4$  and 10 per cent was  $C_2F_6$ .

<sup>e</sup> In its submission the Party indicated a GWP value for PFC 14 ( $CF_4$ ) of 5100. For the conversion of the estimate into  $CO_2$  equivalent the secretariat applied GWP values as indicated in the heading of this table, for consistency purposes.

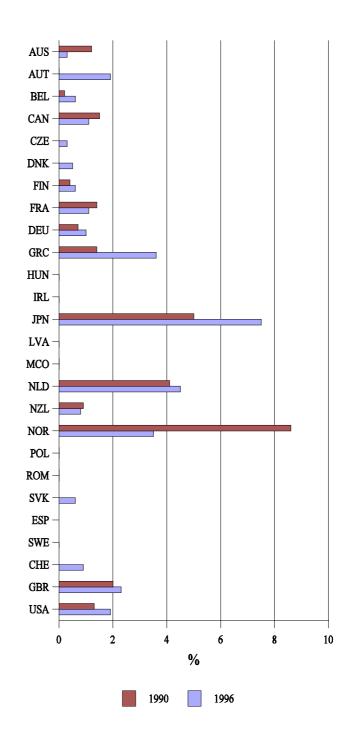
<sup>f</sup> Estimates were not provided for these gases.

<sup>g</sup> The Party also reported emissions from diverse PFCs and perfluoropolyethers (PFPEs) that are employed in solvent applications. The GWP for this group of substances is based upon that of  $C_{6}F_{14}$ .

		Total	
		1996	1990
	%	Gg	Gg
AUS	-69	1 499	4 860
AUT		1 571	
BEL	182	939	333
CAN	-17	7 500	9 000
CZE		409	
DNK		436	
FIN	67	500	300
FRA	-16	6 453	7 679
DEU	24	11 090	8 930
GRC	187	4 131	1 438
HUN			
IRL			
JPN	67	102 843	61 474
LVA			
MCO			
NLD	25	11 000	8 800
NZL	-7	584	626
NOR	-56	2 065	4 745
POL		74	
ROM			
SVK		320	
ESP			
SWE			
CHE		508	
GBR	13	16 730	14 838

#### Table A.11.(continued)

Figure A.11.



Percentage contribution of HFCs, PFCs and SF<sub>6</sub> to aggregate greenhouse gases in 1990 and 1996 (using 1995 IPCC GWP values)

	Precursor gases								
-	СО		NO <sub>x</sub>		NMVOC				
	1990	1996	1990	1996	1990	1996			
Australia	22 617	18 362	2 330	2 231	2 439	1 681			
Austria	1 286	993	185	168	474	384			
Belgium	1 127	1 415	339	328	331	301			
Canada <sup>a</sup>		9 900		2 000		2 800			
Czech Republic <sup>b</sup>		906		433		282			
Denmark <sup>b</sup>		616		291		139			
Finland <sup>c</sup>									
France	10 398	8 350	1 952	1 783	2 971	2 539			
Germany	10 916	6 710	2 677	1 859	3 178	1 868			
Greece	1 338	1 334	343	374	373	409			
Hungary <sup>b</sup>		1 148		204		78			
Ireland <sup>ab</sup>		302		113		175			
Japan <sup>d</sup>	3 907	3 815	1 789	1 926	1 932	1 883			
Latvia <sup>b</sup>		176		35		41			
Monaco	3	3	1	1	1	1			
Netherlands	1 139	860	563	471	500	347			
New Zealand	751	846	140	168	155	158			
Norway	858	720	222	223	301	369			
Poland <sup>b</sup>		4 837		1 154		766			
Romania <sup>e</sup>	2 421	1 800	554	483	529	413			
Slovakia <sup>b</sup>		359		131		104			
Spain <sup>d</sup>	4 734	4 357	1 164	1 222	1 123	1 152			
Sweden <sup>b</sup>		1 082		301		457			
Switzerland <sup>b</sup>		485		128		193			
United Kingdom	6 685	4 641	2 747	2 052	2 550	2 028			
United States of America	83 732	76 435	21 612	21 254	18 768	17 020			

#### Anthropogenic emissions of precursor gases and SO<sub>2</sub>, 1990 and 1996 (Gigagrams) Table A.12.

а Estimates were only reported for 1995, which are given in this table.

b As estimates for 1990 (or base year other than 1990 for some EIT Parties) were not provided in the annual inventory submissions, and no indication as to the methodological consistency with estimates provided in second national communications was made, no estimates for 1990 are shown in this table.

с The Party did not provide estimates.

d

As for 1996 the Party did not provide estimates, 1995 estimates are given in this table. In accordance with decision 9/CP.2, Romania uses the year 1989 as its base year. The last reported inventory data were for 1994, which are e given in this table.

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AUS –						
AUT –						
BEL -						
CAN -						
CZE –						
DNK -						
FIN -						
FRA –						
DEU -						
GRC -						
HUN -						
IRL –						
JPN -						
LVA –						
MCO -						
NLD -						
NZL -						
NOR -						
POL -						
ROM -			-			
SVK –						
ESP –					<b></b>	
SWE –						
CHE –						
GBR –		-				
USA –						
-80	) -(	 50 ·	-40	-20	 0 2	0 40
_				%	_	-
		SO <sub>2</sub> NO <sub>x</sub>			DC	

Percentage change in CO,  $\mathrm{NO}_x,\,\mathrm{NMVOC}$  and  $\mathrm{SO}_2$  emissions in 1996, relative to 1990

Table A.12.	(con	tinued)
SO <sub>2</sub>		
1990	1996	
0	1 842	AUS
91	48	AUT
0	237	BEL
	2 700	CAN
	946	CZE
	181	DNK
		FIN
1 291	1 005	FRA
5 262	1 851	DEU
509	543	GRC
		HUN
		IRL
899	817	JPN
	59	LVA
0	0	MCO
193	127	NLD
53	62	NZL
53	34	NOR
		POL
1 516	1 204	ROM
	226	SVK
2 195	1 873	ESP
		SWE
	30	CHE
3 763	2 0 2 6	GBR
21 379	17 673	USA

Figure A.12.

	Percentage relative to 1990, 1990=100								
-	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996		
	(Gg)	%	%	%	%	%	%		
Australia	415 656	100	101	101	102	105	107		
Austria <sup>b</sup>	77 271	106	98	97	97	104	106		
Belgium <sup>c</sup>	139 276	103	101	99	104	104	110		
Canada	598 099	99	101	103	106	109	112		
Czech Republic <sup>d</sup> Denmark <sup>d</sup>									
Finland <sup>e</sup>	72 786					100	107		
France	557 452	104	102	97	97	98	101		
Germany	1 209 107	96	92	91	90	89	90		
Greece	105 235	100	101	102	104	107	109		
Hungary <sup>d</sup> Ireland <sup>d</sup>									
Japan <sup>f</sup> Latvia <sup>d</sup>	1 237 446	102	104	103	109	111			
Monaco	111	116	123	125	128	125	131		
Netherlands	217 107	103	102	103	104	108	112		
New Zealand	72 499	100	101	101	100	100	103		
Norway Poland <sup>d</sup>	55 064	96	93	97	101	102	107		
Romania <sup>g</sup>	264 879	68	65	63	62				
Slovakia <sup>d</sup>									
Spain <sup>h</sup>	301 431	100	103	100	104	108			
Sweden <sup>d</sup>									
Switzerland <sup>d</sup>									
United Kingdom	757 851	100	97	94	93	92	95		
United States of America	5 998 204	99	101	103	105	106	109		

### Table B.1.Aggregate emissions of all greenhouse gases,<sup>a</sup> 1990-1996, excluding<br/>land-use change and forestry (Gigagrams of CO2 equivalent and percentage)

<sup>a</sup> Aggregate emissions of CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O, and HFCs, PFCs and SF<sub>6</sub> where reported (see table A.11), using IPCC 1995 global warming potentials.

<sup>b</sup> The trend shown here may not be fully consistent, as estimates for 1995 and 1996 also include HFC, PFC, and SF<sub>6</sub> emissions, while estimates for 1990 to 1994 are for  $CO_2$ ,  $CH_4$  and  $N_2O$  only.

<sup>c</sup> The trend shown here may not be fully consistent, as estimates for 1990 and 1996 also include HFC, PFC, and SF<sub>6</sub> emissions, while estimates for the years in between are for CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O only.

<sup>d</sup> As estimates for 1990 (or base year other than 1990 for some EIT Parties) were not provided in the annual inventory submissions, and no indication as to the methodological consistency with estimates provided in second national communications was made, no trends are shown in this table.

<sup>e</sup> The Party only provided estimates for the years 1990, 1995 and 1996.

<sup>f</sup> As no estimates for CH<sub>4</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O were provided for 1996, no aggregate GHG emissions for this year are given here.

<sup>g</sup> In accordance with decision 9/CP.2, Romania uses the year 1989 as its base year. Estimates were only provided for 1989 to 1994. The trend shown here may not be fully consistent, as the Party noted that estimates provided for the period 1992-1994 need to be updated according to the IPCC methodology, as had been done for estimates for the period 1989-1991.

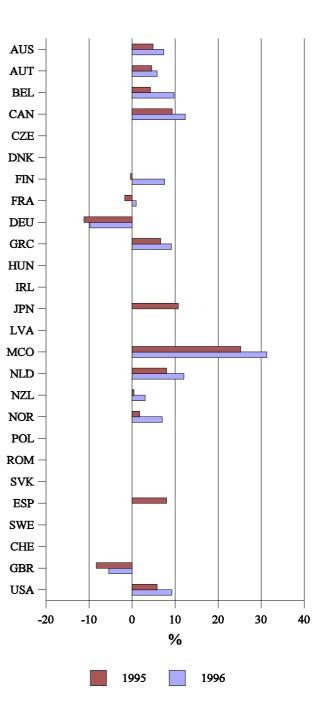
<sup>h</sup> The Party did not provide 1996 estimates.

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;	1996 to1995	ted values 1996 to 19	
	percentage 1995=100	1996	1995
	(%)	(Gg)	(Gg)
AUS	102	445 840	435 471
AUT	101	81 723	80 718
BEL	105	152 797	145 126
CAN	103	671 374	653 570
CZE		153 989	
DNK		93 117	
FIN	108	78 243	72 489
FRA	103	562 271	547 981
DEU	102	1 090 974	1 073 748
GRC	102	114 789	112 189
HUN	102	79 130	77 857
IRL	101	59 722	59 324
JPN			1 369 311
LVA		18 064	
MCO	105	145	139
NLD	104	243 071	234 432
NZL	103	74 667	72 777
NOR	105	58 903	55 984
POL		436 616	
ROM			
SVK	102	55 468	54 546
ESP			325 530
SWE		72 723	
CHE		53 924	
GBR	103	716 818	695 301
USA	103	6 551 589	6 344 659

Table B.1.	(continued)

Figure B.1.



Percentage change in aggregate greenhouse gas emissions, excluding land-use change and forestry, in 1995 and 1996, relative to 1990 (aggregated using 1995 IPCC GWP values)

	Percentage relative to 1990, 1990=100								
-	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996		
	(Gg)	%	%	%	%	%	%		
Australia	474 529	99	98	98	97	100	102		
Austria <sup>c</sup>	63 971	104	90	89	95	105	106		
Belgium <sup>d</sup>	137 219	103	101	99	104	104	110		
Canada	554 099	97	102	106	110	115	116		
Czech Republic <sup>e</sup>									
Denmark <sup>e</sup>									
Finland <sup>f</sup>									
France	527 136	105	102	95	95	97	99		
Germany	1 179 107	95	91	90	89	88	89		
Greece <sup>f</sup>									
Hungary <sup>e</sup>									
Ireland <sup>e</sup>									
Japan <sup>g</sup>	1 153 543	102	104	102	109	110			
Latvia <sup>e</sup>									
Monaco <sup>f</sup>									
Netherlands	215 607	103	103	103	104	108	112		
New Zealand	51 186	102	107	109	110	110	114		
Norway	45 474	91	83	87	88	93	91		
Poland <sup>e</sup>									
Romania <sup>h</sup>	261 954	66	63	61	60				
Slovakia <sup>e</sup>									
Spain <sup>f</sup>									
Sweden <sup>e</sup>									
Switzerland <sup>e</sup>									
United Kingdom	778 057	100	97	93	92	91	94		
United States of America	4 856 004	99	101	111	114	115	119		

### Table B.2.Aggregate emissions of all greenhouse gases, a 1990-1996, including land-use change and<br/>forestryb (Gigagrams of CO2 equivalent and percentage)

<sup>a</sup> Aggregate emissions of  $CO_2$ ,  $CH_4$  and  $N_2O$ , and HFCs, PFCs and  $SF_6$  where reported (see table A.11), using IPCC 1995 global warming potentials.

<sup>b</sup> Estimates for *land-use change and forestry* are as reported in accordance with the present IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories (see table B.8).

<sup>c</sup> The trend shown here may not be fully consistent, as estimates for 1995 and 1996 also include HFC, PFC, and SF<sub>6</sub> emissions, while estimates for 1990 to 1994 are for CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O only.

<sup>d</sup> The trend shown here may not be fully consistent, as estimates for 1990 and 1996 also include HFC, PFC, and SF<sub>6</sub> emissions, while estimates for the years in between are for  $CO_2$ ,  $CH_4$  and  $N_2O$  only.

<sup>e</sup> As estimates for 1990 (or base year other than 1990 for some EIT Parties) were not provided in the annual inventory submissions, and no indication as to the methodological consistency with estimates provided in second national communications was made, no trends are shown in this table.

<sup>f</sup> As the Party did not provide estimates from the *land-use change and forestry* sector, no estimates are given in this table.

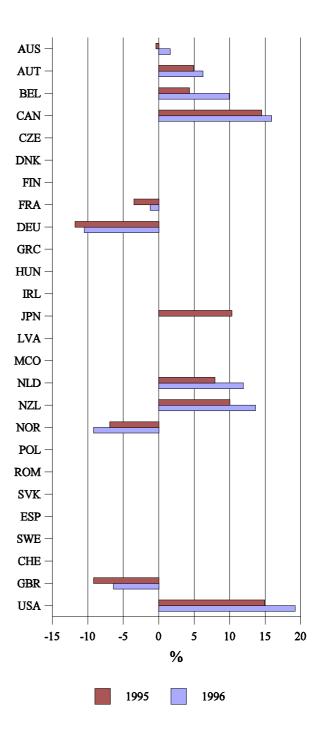
<sup>g</sup> As the Party neither provided 1996 estimates for  $CH_4$  and  $N_2O$  nor for *land-use change and forestry*, no estimates for this year are given here.

<sup>h</sup> In accordance with decision 9/CP.2, Romania uses the year 1989 as its base year. Estimates were only provided for 1989 to 1994. The trend shown here may not be fully consistent, as the Party noted that estimates provided for the period 1992-1994 need to be updated according to the IPCC methodology, as had been done for estimates for the 1989-1991 period.

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Fable B.2.(continued)				
Last report	ed values	1996 to1995		
1995	1996	percentage 1995=100	_	
(Gg)	(Gg)	(%)		
472 615	482 101	102	AUS	
67 118	67 923	101	AUT	
143 069	150 740	105	BEL	
634 570	642 374	101	CAN	
	149 510		CZE	
	93 093		DNK	
			FIN	
508 846	521 022	102	FRA	
1 040 048	1 055 074	101	DEU	
			GRC	
73 060	75 199	103	HUN	
53 094	53 225	100	IRL	
1 272 606			JPN	
	3 744		LVA	
			MCO	
232 732	241 371	104	NLD	
56 309	58 137	103	NZL	
42 344	41 292	98	NOR	
	393 999		POL	
			ROM	
49 430	50 187	102	SVK	
			ESP	
	40 427		SWE	
	48 724		CHE	
706 775	728 118	103	GBR	
5 579 959	5 786 906	104	USA	

#### Figure B.2.



Percentage change in aggregate greenhouse gas emissions, including land-use change and forestry, in 1995 and 1996, relative to 1990 (aggregated using 1995 IPCC GWP values)

	Percentage relative to 1990, 1990=100								
	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996		
	(Gg)	%	%	%	%	%	%		
Australia	275 344	101	102	103	104	108	112		
Austria	62 100	108	98	96	97	102	105		
Belgium	116 090	103	102	100	104	105	111		
Canada	460 899	98	101	101	103	107	110		
Czech Republic <sup>a</sup> Denmark <sup>ab</sup>									
Finland <sup>c</sup>	59 200					103	112		
France	390 708	107	105	99	99	101	104		
Germany	1 014 155	96	91	91	89	88	90		
Greece	85 349	100	102	102	104	106	108		
Hungary <sup>a</sup>									
Ireland <sup>a</sup>									
Japan	1 124 532	102	103	102	108	109	110		
Latvia <sup>a</sup>									
Monaco	108	116	123	125	128	125	131		
Netherlands <sup>b</sup>	161 360	103	102	104	104	110	115		
New Zealand	25 241	102	110	107	107	107	115		
Norway	35 457	95	97	101	107	108	116		
Poland <sup>a</sup>									
Romania <sup>d</sup>	194 826	70	67	65	64				
Slovakia <sup>a</sup>									
Spain <sup>e</sup>	226 423	100	104	100	105	109			
Sweden <sup>a</sup>									
Switzerland <sup>a</sup>									
United Kingdom	583 165	101	98	95	95	93	97		
United States of America	4 943 300	99	100	103	104	105	109		

### Table B.3.Total anthropogenic CO2 emissions, excluding land-use change and forestry, 1990-1996<br/>(Gigagrams and percentage)

<sup>a</sup> As estimates for 1990 (or base year other than 1990 for some EIT Parties) were not provided in the annual inventory submissions, and no indication as to the methodological consistency with estimates provided in second national communications was made, no trends are shown in this table.

<sup>b</sup> Party also provided estimates adjusted for temperature correction, and in the case of Denmark also for electricity exchange, but non-adjusted estimates were included in this table for comparison and consistency purposes.

<sup>c</sup> The Party only provided estimates for the years 1990, 1995 and 1996.

<sup>d</sup> In accordance with decision 9/CP.2, Romania uses the year 1989 as its base year. Estimates were only provided for 1989 to 1994. The trend shown here may not be fully consistent, as the Party noted that estimates provided for the period 1992-1994 need to be updated according to the IPCC methodology, as had been done for estimates for the 1989-1991 period.

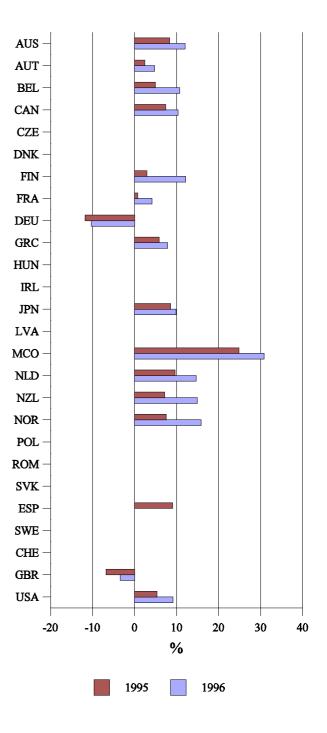
<sup>e</sup> The Party did not provide 1996 estimates.

eporte	ed values	1996 to1995	
95	1996	percentage 1995=100	_
fg)	(Gg)	(%)	
301	308 413	103	AUS
600	65 000	102	AUT
832	128 546	106	BEL
970	508 574	103	CAN
	132 538		CZE
	73 236		DNK
900	66 340	109	FIN
419	406 666	103	FRA
500	910 000	102	DEU
306	91 978	102	GRC
758	60 475	101	HUN
116	34 819	102	IRL
218	1 234 904	101	JPN
	11 065		LVA
135	141	105	MCO
910	184 870	104	NLD
033	29 008	107	NZL
123	41 073	108	NOR
	372 530		POL
			ROM
360	46 105	102	SVK
703			ESP
	63 350		SWE
	44 970		CHE
753	563 450	104	GBR
500	5 393 883	104	USA

(continued)

Table B.3.

### Figure B.3.



Percentage change in total CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, excluding land-use change and forestry, in 1995 and 1996, relative to 1990

	Percentage relative to 1990, 1990=100									
	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996			
	(Gg)	%	%	%	%	%	%			
Australia	262 623	101	102	103	104	109	113			
Austria	46 700	110	99	98	98	107	109			
Belgium	105 919	103	102	99	104	104	110			
Canada	412 000	97	101	101	104	107	110			
Czech Republic <sup>a</sup> Denmark <sup>ab</sup>										
Finland <sup>c</sup>	53 900					104	114			
France	360 186	108	106	100	99	101	105			
Germany	986 487	96	91	91	89	88	90			
Greece	77 256	100	102	103	105	106	108			
Hungary <sup>a</sup>										
Ireland <sup>a</sup>										
Japan	1 052 964	102	103	101	108	108	109			
Latvia <sup>a</sup>										
Monaco	106	115	122	124	127	124	130			
Netherlands <sup>b</sup>	157 530	104	103	105	105	110	115			
New Zealand	22 240	102	110	106	107	106	115			
Norway	26 730	97	100	104	109	108	119			
Poland <sup>a</sup>										
Romania <sup>d</sup>	185 575	70	68	66	65					
Slovakia <sup>a</sup>										
Spain <sup>e</sup>	207 592	101	105	101	106	111				
Sweden <sup>a</sup>										
Switzerland <sup>a</sup>										
United Kingdom	558 774	102	99	96	95	94	97			
United States of America	4 881 500	99	100	103	104	105	109			

#### Table B.4. CO2 emissions from fuel combustion, 1990-1996 (Gigagrams and percentage)

<sup>a</sup> As estimates for 1990 (or base year other than 1990 for some EIT Parties) were not provided in the annual inventory submissions, and no indication as to the methodological consistency with estimates provided in second national communications was made, no trends are shown in this table.

<sup>b</sup> Party also provided estimates adjusted for temperature correction, and in the case of Denmark also for electricity exchange, but non-adjusted estimates were included in this table for comparison and consistency purposes.

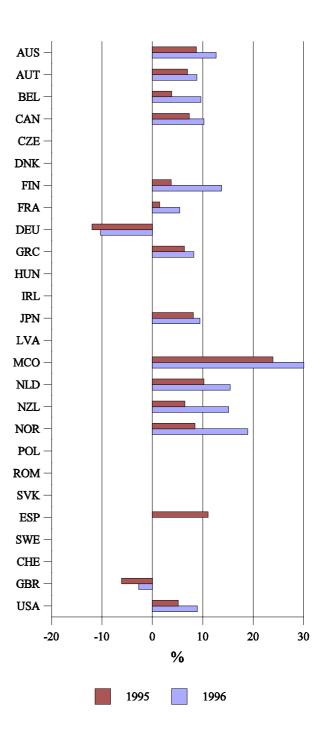
<sup>c</sup> The Party only provided estimates for the years 1990, 1995 and 1996.

<sup>d</sup> In accordance with decision 9/CP.2, Romania uses the year 1989 as its base year. Estimates were only provided for 1989 to 1994. The trend shown here may not be fully consistent, as the Party noted that estimates provided for the period 1992-1994 need to be updated according to the IPCC methodology, as had been done for estimates for the 1989-1991 period.

<sup>e</sup> The Party did not provide 1996 estimates.

Table B.4.	(co	ntinued)	
Last report	ed values	1996 to1995	
1995	1996	percentage 1995=100	_
(Gg)	(Gg)	(%)	
285 464	295 620	104	AUS
49 900	50 800	102	AUT
109 936	116 069	106	BEL
442 000	454 000	103	CAN
	129 516		CZE
	71 406		DNK
55 900	61 300	110	FIN
365 226	379 711	104	FRA
868 200	885 000	102	DEU
82 110	83 582	102	GRC
57 567	58 174	101	HUN
32 290	33 027	102	IRL
1 138 155	1 152 134	101	JPN
	10 875		LVA
131	138	105	MCO
173 530	181 730	105	NLD
23 670	25 594	108	NZL
28 979	31 779	110	NOR
	363 499		POL
			ROM
42 270	43 104	102	SVK
229 675			ESP
	59 390		SWE
	41 300		CHE
524 887	543 880	104	GBR
5 128 300	5 317 843	104	USA

Figure B.4.



Percentage change in  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  emissions from fuel combustion in 1995 and 1996, relative to 1990

	Percentage relative to 1990, 1990=100								
	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996		
	(Gg)	%	%	%	%	%	%		
Australia	59 596	99	101	103	105	109	113		
Austria	13 900	111	111	109	113	112	113		
Belgium	19 964	100	105	106	110	109	112		
Canada	147 000	97	99	101	107	110	114		
Czech Republic <sup>a</sup>									
Denmark <sup>a</sup>									
Finland <sup>b</sup>	11 900					93	92		
France	123 111	102	105	105	108	109	110		
Germany	162 231	102	106	107	107	107	107		
Greece	15 170	105	108	110	110	111	114		
Hungary <sup>a</sup>									
Ireland <sup>a</sup>									
Japan	207 431	105	107	108	113	117	120		
Latvia <sup>a</sup>									
Monaco	39	115	128	119	123	120	118		
Netherlands	28 560	100	104	107	108	112	117		
New Zealand	8 645	100	105	109	118	126	127		
Norway	13 885	98	99	103	103	106	112		
Poland <sup>a</sup>									
Romania <sup>c</sup>	7 893	95	87	95	98				
Slovakia <sup>a</sup>									
Spain <sup>d</sup>	58 260	102	104	104	106	110			
Sweden <sup>a</sup>									
Switzerland <sup>a</sup>									
United Kingdom	115 901	100	101	102	102	101	105		
United States of America	1 499 100	98	99	101	104	106	109		

#### Table B.5. CO2 emissions from transport, 1990-1996 (Gigagrams and percentage)

<sup>a</sup> As estimates for 1990 (or base year other than 1990 for some EIT Parties) were not provided in the annual inventory submissions, and no indication as to the methodological consistency with estimates provided in second national communications was made, no trends are shown in this table.

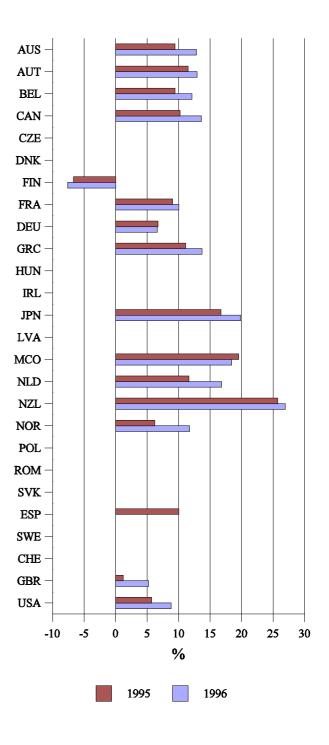
<sup>b</sup> The Party only provided estimates for the years 1990, 1995 and 1996.

<sup>c</sup> In accordance with decision 9/CP.2, Romania uses the year 1989 as its base year. Estimates were only provided for 1989 to 1994. The trend shown here may not be fully consistent, as the Party noted that estimates provided for the period 1992-1994 need to be updated according to the IPCC methodology, as had been done for estimates for the 1989-1991 period.

<sup>d</sup> The Party did not provide 1996 estimates.

Table B.5.	(co	ontinued)			
Last report		1996 to1995 percentage 1995=100			
1995	1996		-		
(Gg)	(Gg)	(%)			
65 185	67 240	103	AUS		
15 500	15 700	101	AUT		
21 834	22 389	103	BEL		
162 000	167 000	103	CAN		
	9 896		CZE		
	11 748		DNK		
11 100	11 000	99	FIN		
134 137	135 368	101	FRA		
173 100	173 000	100	DEU		
16 850	17 253	102	GRC		
7 001	6 612	94	HUN		
6 198	6 538	105	IRL		
242 148	248 576	103	JPN		
	1 612		LVA		
47	47	99	MCO		
31 860	33 370	105	NLD		
10 869	10 972	101	NZL		
14 745	15 508	105	NOR		
	28 098		POL		
			ROM		
4 216	4 164	99	SVK		
64 268			ESP		
	19 573		SWE		
	14 910		CHE		
117 288	121 882	104	GBR		
1 584 400	1 631 090	103	USA		

## Figure B.5.



Percentage change in  $CO_2$  emissions from transport in 1995 and 1996, relative to 1990

	Percentage relative to 1990, 1990=100									
	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996			
	(Gg)	%	%	%	%	%	%			
Australia	12 178	101	103	107	108	112	113			
Austria	12 900	119	109	114	109	122	114			
Belgium	26 262	115	114	113	112	117	135			
Canada	69 900	97	100	107	106	106	114			
Czech Republic <sup>b</sup>										
Denmark <sup>b</sup>										
Finland <sup>c</sup>	7 300					97	104			
France	93 833	111	110	107	101	103	111			
Germany	203 314	101	92	93	92	91	101			
Greece	8 168	104	100	98	99	100	123			
Hungary <sup>b</sup>										
Ireland <sup>b</sup>										
Japan	158 298	104	107	107	105	112	109			
Latvia <sup>b</sup>										
Monaco	29	135	131	137	130	124	135			
Netherlands	35 400	114	106	113	109	112	130			
New Zealand	2 733	95	108	98	105	100	96			
Norway	2 428	85	76	74	79	79	104			
Poland <sup>b</sup>										
Romania <sup>d</sup>	28 274	91								
Slovakia <sup>b</sup>										
Spain <sup>e</sup>	26 177	101	105	101	106	107				
Sweden <sup>b</sup>										
Switzerland <sup>b</sup>										
United Kingdom	112 207	110	107	110	105	102	114			
United States of America	549 200	102	104	108	106	108	114			

#### Table B.6. CO2 emissions from small combustion,<sup>a</sup> 1990-1996 (Gigagrams and percentage)

<sup>a</sup> Includes emissions from the source/sink categories: *commercial/institutional, residential, and agricultural/forestry/fishing.* 

<sup>b</sup> As estimates for 1990 (or base year other than 1990 for some EIT Parties) were not provided in the annual inventory submissions, and no indication as to the methodological consistency with estimates provided in second national communications was made, no trends are shown in this table.

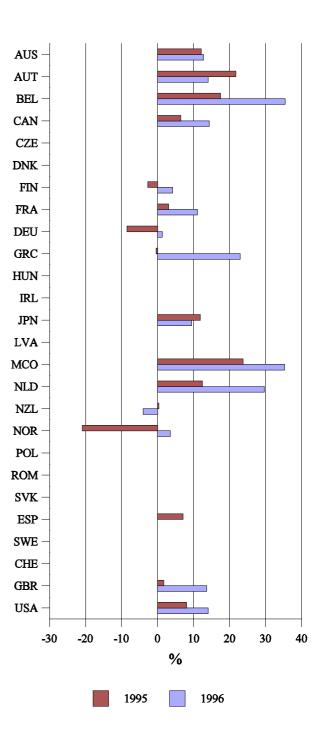
<sup>c</sup> The Party only provided estimates for the years 1990, 1995 and 1996.

<sup>d</sup> In accordance with decision 9/CP.2, Romania uses the year 1989 as its base year. Estimates were provided for 1989 to 1994, but for the years 1992-1994 only aggregate estimates for stationary combustion, which includes all fuel combustion subcategories other than transport, were provided.

The Party did not provide 1996 estimates.

Fable B.6.	(co	ontinued)			
Last reporte	ed values	1996 to1995 percentage			
1995	1996	1995=100	-		
(Gg)	(Gg)	(%)			
13 646	13 727	101	AUS		
15 700	14 700	94	AUT		
30 831	35 548	115	BEL		
74 400	79 900	107	CAN		
	17 936		CZE		
	9 273		DNK		
7 100	7 600	107	FIN		
96 683	104 199	108	FRA		
186 000	206 000	111	DEU		
8 132	10 039	123	GRC		
16 762	18 091	108	HUN		
9 266	8 956	97	IRL		
176 999	173 239	98	JPN		
	2 289		LVA		
36	40	109	MCO		
39 780	45 880	115	NLD		
2 741	2 624	96	NZL		
1 920	2 514	131	NOR		
	64 106		POL		
			ROM		
7 941			SVK		
28 110			ESP		
	11 015		SWE		
	19 300		CHE		
114 156	127 481	112	GBR		
593 200	626 200	106	USA		

Figure B.6.



Percentage change in  $CO_2$  emissions from small combustion in 1995 and 1996, relative to 1990

	Percentage relative to 1990, 1990=100									
-	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996			
	(Gg)	%	%	%	%	%	%			
Australia	6 655	95	93	97	110	105	107			
Austria	12 700	99	91	86	88	85	86			
Belgium	9 188	104	105	106	114	117	123			
Canada	31 900	105	107	113	113	115	123			
Czech Republic <sup>a</sup>										
Denmark <sup>a</sup>										
Finland <sup>b</sup>	1 200					67	70			
France	20 948	92	85	81	86	89	83			
Germany	27 668	90	92	91	97	95	90			
Greece	7 804	98	97	100	94	101	104			
Hungary <sup>a</sup>										
Ireland <sup>a</sup>										
Japan	58 795	103	104	103	104	104	104			
Latvia <sup>a</sup>										
Monaco <sup>c</sup>	0									
Netherlands	1 880	81	67	64	76	93	93			
New Zealand	2 386	105	111	116	112	115	115			
Norway	6 694	93	90	94	102	107	107			
Poland <sup>a</sup>										
Romania <sup>d</sup>	9 244	56	50	48	46					
Slovakia <sup>a</sup>										
Spain <sup>e</sup>	17 690	98	89	84	93	98				
Sweden <sup>a</sup>										
Switzerland <sup>a</sup>										
United Kingdom	13 916	82	75	72	85	82	84			
United States of America	54 500	98	99	101	107	113	116			

#### Table B.7. CO2 emissions from industrial processes, 1990-1996 (Gigagrams and percentage)

<sup>a</sup> As estimates for 1990 (or base year other than 1990 for some EIT Parties) were not provided in the annual inventory submissions, and no indication as to the methodological consistency with estimates provided in second national communications was made, no trends are shown in this table.

<sup>b</sup> The Party only provided estimates for the years 1990, 1995 and 1996.

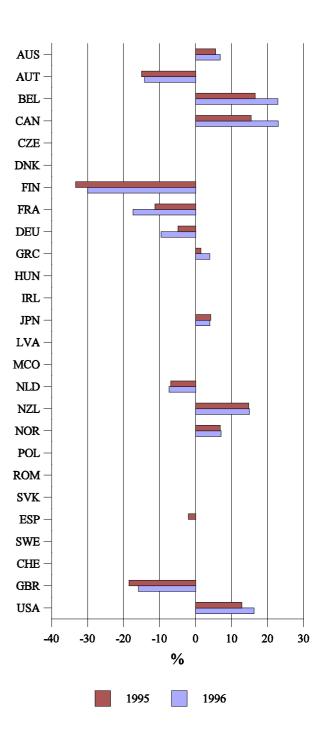
<sup>c</sup> The Party did not provide estimates but indicated that emissions were negligible.

<sup>d</sup> In accordance with decision 9/CP.2, Romania uses the year 1989 as its base year. Estimates were only provided for 1989 to 1994. The trend shown here may not be fully consistent, as the Party noted that estimates provided for the period 1992-1994 need to be updated according to the IPCC methodology, as had been done for estimates for the 1989-1991 period.

<sup>e</sup> The Party did not provide 1996 estimates.

Table B.7.	( <b>co</b>	ntinued)			
Last reported	d values	1996 to1995 percentage			
1995	1996	1995=100	_		
(Gg)	(Gg)	(%)			
7 018	7 110	101	AUS		
10 800	10 900	101	AUT		
10 706	11 287	105	BEL		
36 800	39 200	107	CAN		
	2 479		CZE		
	1 388		DNK		
800	840	105	FIN		
18 576	17 313	93	FRA		
26 300	25 000	95	DEU		
7 912	8 111	103	GRC		
1 438	1 548	108	HUN		
1 772	1 738	98	IRL		
61 236	61 093	100	JPN		
	185		LVA		
0	0		MCO		
1 750	1 740	99	NLD		
2 736	2 742	100	NZL		
7 152	7 163	100	NOR		
	8 938		POL		
			ROM		
3 090	3 001	97	SVK		
17 278			ESP		
	3 711		SWE		
	2 200		CHE		
11 344	11 703	103	GBR		
61 500	63 309	103	USA		

Figure B.7.



Percentage change in  ${\rm CO}_2$  emissions from industrial processes in 1995 and 1996, relative to 1990

	Percentage relative to 1990, 1990=100									
	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996			
	(Gg)	%	%	%	%	%	%			
Australia <sup>a</sup>	58 873	86	80	76	65	63	62			
Austria	- 13 300	115	135	134	111	102	104			
Belgium	- 2 057	100	100	100	100	100	100			
Canada	- 44 000	120	98	70	59	43	66			
Czech Republic <sup>b</sup>										
Denmark <sup>b</sup>										
Finland <sup>c</sup>										
France	- 30 316	90	103	125	134	129	136			
Germany	- 30 000	132	136	136	109	112	120			
Greece <sup>c</sup>										
Hungary <sup>b</sup>										
Ireland <sup>b</sup>										
Japan <sup>d</sup>	- 83 903	100	102	107	111	115				
Latvia <sup>b</sup>										
Monaco <sup>c</sup>										
Netherlands	- 1 500	107	107	107	113	113	113			
New Zealand	- 21 313	95	87	79	77	77	78			
Norway	- 9 590	122	138	141	164	142	184			
Poland <sup>b</sup>										
Romania	- 2 925	225	225	225	225					
Slovakia <sup>b</sup>										
Spain <sup>c</sup>										
Sweden <sup>b</sup>										
Switzerland <sup>b</sup>										
United Kingdom <sup>ea</sup>	20 207	96	91	81	61	57	56			
United States of America	-1 142 200	100	100	67	67	67	67			

# Table B.8.Anthropogenic CO2 emissions and removals from land-use change and forestry, a 1990-1996<br/>(Gigagrams and percentage change by Party)

<sup>a</sup> Estimates for *land-use change and forestry* are as reported in accordance with the present IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories. In this table negative values in gigagrams indicate net removal of CO<sub>2</sub> from the *land-use change and forestry* sector; negative values in percentage (below 100) represent less removals in relation to the year 1990 and positive values indicate more removals, except for Australia and the United Kingdom where the negative values in percentage (below 100) indicate less emissions or more removals.

<sup>b</sup> As estimates for 1990 (or base year other than 1990 for some EIT Parties) were not provided in the annual inventory submissions, and no indication as to the methodological consistency with estimates provided in second national communications was made, no trends are shown in this table.

<sup>c</sup> The Party did not include any estimates from the *land-use change and forestry* sector in its national inventory. However, Finland stated that the annual carbon sink from stem wood has been between 12500 and 37500 Gg. Greece provided some not officially accepted figures from the *land-use change and forestry* sector with the purpose of giving an indication of the level of the possible emissions/removals from this sector.

<sup>d</sup> The Party did not provide estimates from *land-use change and forestry* for 1996 due to lack of data.

<sup>e</sup> The estimates include CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from wetland drainage and peat extraction, and removals by salt marshes.

Table B.8.	(co	ontinued)		Figure B.8.
Last report	ed values	1996 to1995		AUS –
1995	1996	percentage 1995=100	_	AUT –
( <b>a</b> )	( <b>a</b> )			BEL –
(Gg)	(Gg)	(%)		
37 144	36 260	98	AUS	
- 13 600	- 13 800	101	AUT	
- 2 057	- 2 057	100	BEL	
- 19 000	- 29 000	153	CAN	
	- 4 479		CZE	DEU -
	- 24		DNK	GRC –
			FIN	
- 39 135	- 41 249	105	FRA	IRL –
- 33 700	- 35 900	107	DEU	JPN -
			GRC	
- 4 797	- 3 931	82	HUN	
- 6 230	- 6 497	104	IRL	MCO –
- 96 705			JPN	
	- 14 320		LVA	NZL –
			MCO	NOR
- 1 700	- 1 700	100	NLD	POL –
- 16 468	- 16 530	100	NZL	ROM -
- 13 640	- 17 611	129	NOR	
	- 42 617		POL	SVK –
			ROM	ESP –
- 5 116	- 5 281	103	SVK	SWE –
			ESP	
	- 32 296		SWE	GBR –
	- 5 200		CHE	
11 474	11 299	98	GBR	
- 764 700	- 764 683	100	USA	-60 -40 -20 0 20 40 60 80 10
				<b>%</b>
				1995 1996

# Percentage change in CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and removals from land-use change and forestry in 1995 and 1996, relative to 1990

(Negative values in percentage represent less removals, except for Australia and the United Kingdom where they represent less emissions or more removals)

	Percentage relative to 1990, 1990=100									
-	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996			
	(Gg)	%	%	%	%	%	%			
Australia	6 401	100	103	109	113	133	141			
Austria	890	117	125	121	128	137	155			
Belgium	15 726	102	106	107	102	99	116			
Canada	4 920	94	94	87	92	96	105			
Czech Republic <sup>a</sup>										
Denmark <sup>a</sup>										
Finland	2 800					64	75			
France	15 488	102	109	110	107	112	117			
Germany	19 569	93	91	102	102	102	102			
Greece	10 423	91	102	122	127	133	119			
Hungary <sup>a</sup>										
Ireland <sup>a</sup>										
Japan	30 806	107	111	119	122	121	105			
Latvia <sup>b</sup>										
Monaco <sup>b</sup>										
Netherlands	40 400	103	106	110	107	110	113			
New Zealand	2 384	92	92	95	116	114	108			
Norway	1 988	90	107	117	121	142	157			
Poland <sup>a</sup>										
Romania <sup>b</sup>										
Slovakia <sup>c</sup>										
Spain <sup>b</sup>										
Sweden <sup>a</sup>										
Switzerland <sup>a</sup>										
United Kingdom	21 349	98	107	112	114	122	132			
United States of America	83 400	105	109	100	98	104	99			

# Table B.9. Anthropogenic CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from international bunkers, 1990-1996 (Gigagrams and percentage)

<sup>a</sup> As estimates for 1990 (or base year other than 1990 for some EIT Parties) were not provided in the annual inventory submissions, and no indication as to the methodological consistency with estimates provided in second national communications was made, no emission trends are shown in this table.

<sup>b</sup> The Party did not provide estimates from international bunker fuels.
 <sup>c</sup> The Party did not report estimates from international bunker fuels.

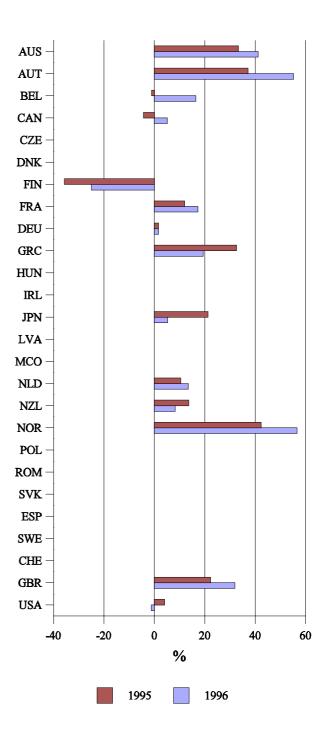
The Party did not report estimates from international bunker fuels, but indicated that emissions were negligible.

	1996 to1995 percentage	d values	Last reported
_	1995=100	1996	1995
	(%)	(Gg)	(Gg)
AUS	106	9 031	8 533
AU	113	1 380	1 220
BEL	118	18 308	15 556
CAN	110	5 170	4 710
CZE		459	
DNI		6 970	
FIN	117	2 100	1 800
FRA	105	18 154	17 329
DEU	100	19 874	19 874
GRO	90	12 432	13 812
HUI	107	560	524
IRL	106	1 605	1 510
JPN	87	32 420	37 328
LVA			
MC			
NLI	103	45 800	44 600
NZI	95	2 580	2 708
NOI	110	3 112	2 828
POL		2 068	
RON			
SVF			
ESP			
SWI		4 899	
CHI		2 500	
GBI	108	28 163	26 086
USA	95	82 400	86 700

(continued)

Table B.9.

Figure B.9.



Percentage change in  $CO_2$  emissions from international bunkers in 1995 and 1996, relative to 1990

			Percentage re	elative to 1990, 1	990=100		e to 1990, 1990=100		
-	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996		
	(Gg)	%	%	%	%	%	%		
Australia	5 345	100	99	99	98	99	99		
Austria	587	98	98	98	99	98	98		
Belgium	634	99	99	100	100	94	93		
Canada	3 300	103	106	112	115	118	121		
Czech Republic <sup>a</sup>									
Denmark <sup>a</sup>									
Finland <sup>b</sup>	358					75	75		
France	3 018	99	97	95	93	92	90		
Germany	5 522	93	92	89	87	86	86		
Greece	437	100	1992199319941993 $\%$ $\%$ $\%$ $\%$ $99$ $99$ $98$ $99$ $98$ $98$ $99$ $99$ $100$ $100$ $99$ $910$ $100$ $106$ $112$ $115$ $113$ $113$ $77$ $95$ $93$ $92$ $89$ $87$ $80$ $101$ $103$ $100$ $101$ $103$ $98$ $97$ $96$ $96$ $96$ $96$ $96$ $96$ $96$ $96$ $96$ $96$ $96$ $96$ $96$ $103$ $106$ $107$ $107$ $98$ $90$ $85$	104	105				
Hungary <sup>a</sup>					1994       1995         %       %         98       99         99       98         100       94         115       118         75       93         93       92         87       86         103       104         96       96         93       91         96       96         107       111         62       107         109       85				
Ireland <sup>a</sup>									
Japan <sup>c</sup>	1 549	99	98	97	96	96			
Latvia <sup>a</sup>									
Monaco <sup>d</sup>	0								
Netherlands	1 292	101	97	95	93	91	91		
New Zealand	1 673	98	96	96	96	96	95		
Norway	442	100	103	103	107	111	110		
Poland <sup>a</sup>									
Romania <sup>e</sup>	2 357	74	68	65	62				
Slovakia <sup>a</sup>									
Spain <sup>f</sup>	2 181	99	103	106	107	109			
Sweden <sup>a</sup>									
Switzerland <sup>a</sup>									
United Kingdom	4 438	99	98	90	85	85	84		
United States of America	29 628	101	102	101	104	106	105		

#### Table B.10. Total anthropogenic CH<sub>4</sub> emissions, 1990-1996 (Gigagrams and percentage)

<sup>a</sup> As estimates for 1990 (or base year other than 1990 for some EIT Parties) were not provided in the annual inventory submissions, and no indication as to the methodological consistency with estimates provided in second national communications was made, no trends are shown in this table.

<sup>b</sup> The Party only provided estimates for the years 1990, 1995 and 1996.

<sup>c</sup>  $CH_4$  estimates were only provided for 1990-1995.

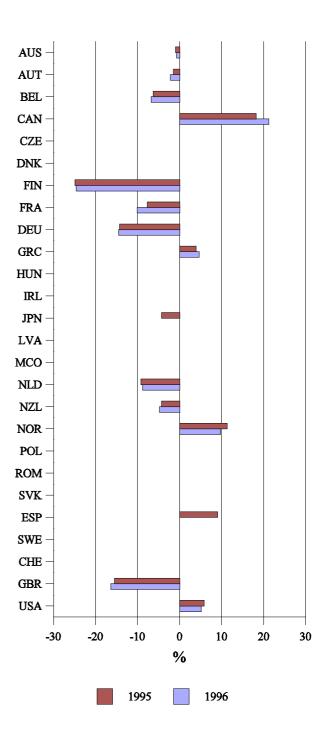
<sup>d</sup> The trend in emissions is not shown here as estimates reported were approximately zero (0.05-0.06Gg, 1990 to 1996).

<sup>e</sup> In accordance with decision 9/CP.2, Romania uses the year 1989 as its base year. Estimates were only provided for 1989 to 1994. The trend shown here may not be fully consistent, as the Party noted that estimates provided for the period 1992-1994 need to be updated according to the IPCC methodology, as had been done for estimates for the 1989-1991 period.

<sup>f</sup> The Party did not provide 1996 estimates.

	ntinued)	( <b>c</b> 0	Table B.10.	
	1996 to1995	ast reported values		
_	percentage 1995=100	1996	1995	
	(%)	(Gg)	(Gg)	
AUS	100	5 308	5 292	
AUT	99	574	578	
BEL	99	591	594	
CAN	103	4 000	3 900	
CZE		573		
DNK		425		
FIN	100	270	269	
FRA	97	2 712	2 786	
DEU	100	4 724	4 734	
GRC	101	457	454	
HUN	103	813	789	
IRL	98	800	814	
JPN			1 482	
LVA		93		
MCO	102	0	0	
NLD	101	1 179	1 173	
NZL	99	1 593	1 601	
NOR	99	485	492	
POL		2 252		
ROM				
SVK	101	314	310	
ESP			2 370	
SWE		297		
CHE		228		
GBR	99	3 712	3 751	
USA	99	31 138	31 334	

Figure B.10.



Percentage change in total  $CH_4$  emissions in 1995 and 1996, relative to 1990